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## Keeps On Rolling Along

Mississippi's Highest Level In 107 Years

St. Louis, Missouri, July 22. The Mississippi River rolled southward today at the highest level in 107 years, menacing farmland all the way to the Gulf of Mexico.

The crest left 50,000 acres of land under water at the confluence on the Missouri and Mississippi Rivers and damage of nearly \$15,000,000, including \$3,000,000 to the St. Louis riverfront industry.

Meanwhile, more than 500 workers, including Air Force men, Army engineers and citizen volunteers, swung sandbags in a fight to hold levees protecting 5,000 acres of farmland in Chouteau Island in the Illinois area across from St. Louis. Another 1,000 workers labored farther south to hold levees in Perry County, Missouri, where 15,000 acres were menaced. Officials said they believed all barriers below St. Louis would hold.

The \$1,000,000,000 flood that had ravaged Kansas and Western Missouri sent the Mississippi to a crest of 40.28 feet here just above the high water mark of 1947, but under the all-time record of 41.39 feet made in 1844. A few small towns, such as West Alton in Missouri, were swamped and riverfront sections of North St. Louis were inundated, but the bulk of this metropolis rested safely on high ground.—United Press.

## Oxygen For Petain

Ile D'Yeu, July 22. Ex-Marshall Philippe Petain, who went into a coma yesterday, was still unconscious today but his doctors reported a slight improvement in his condition.

The 95-year-old former Vichy leader sentenced to life imprisonment for treason was given oxygen last night to keep him alive.—Reuter.

## Freak Storm In England

London, July 22. A sudden storm that ripped roofs of houses, split open chimney stacks and flooded basements was described by local fire brigade officers tonight as "the worst we have known for many years."

The squall raced across Southern England under a black mid-afternoon sky, drenching thousands of holiday-makers who only a few moments before had been basking in hot sunshine on sea beaches and parks.

Many motorists hurrying back to London from the drenched South coast resorts were marooned by floods on main roads.

In the Isle of Wight halibutermen can then across came tumbling down. Tonight reports were still coming in from far and wide of blazing houses, torn down trees and flooded homes.—Reuter.

## THE HARRIMAN MISSION: SUCCESS IS ASSURED

### Encouraging Statement By Persian Oil Commission

Teheran, July 22. Members of the Persian Oil Commission, after meeting President Truman's special envoy, Mr. Averell Harriman, tonight said, "Success is assured." Mr. Harriman has put a series of proposals to the Persian Government for a settlement of the oil dispute between Britain and Persia.

The members of the Commission told Reuter, "We are in the final stages of negotiations."

"If everything goes well at a further meeting, Mr. Harriman can go home a satisfied man," they added.

The delegates said that they had given Mr. Harriman a "satisfactory reply" to his series of proposals tabled last night. They said that the reply was approved by a special decree at a meeting of the Cabinet this morning.

They would not indicate what the proposals were. These have been reported to include suggestions for a joint British-American-Persian marketing organization.

Mr. Harriman indicated that he would see the British Ambassador tonight or tomorrow to inform him of his progress.

One member of the Commission said tonight's talks were "mainly concerned with steps to prevent a close down of the Abadan refinery."

He refused to state if Mr. Harriman had suggested a meeting in the future with the British to discuss the proposals.

Mr. Harriman himself would say no more than a cryptic "we made progress"—the same as last night.

He said there would be a further meeting between himself and the Commission tomorrow night.

The Persians, meantime, are due to discuss the matter further with Premier Mossadeq.

An informed Persian source said tonight, "We have given up no ground."

The British here are unusually silent on the discussions though it is presumed that Mr. Harriman is keeping the Ambassador fully informed.—Reuter.

## "OPTIMISTIC"

Deputy Premier Fatimi said tonight that the Iran government is "optimistic" about chances of an agreement with the British in an effort to get oil shipments started again from Abadan.

The statement was made after "further progress" was reported in a meeting with President Harry Truman's special representative, W. Averell Harriman, and the Iranian Parliament's Oil Nationalization delegation.

No details of Mr. Harriman's discussion have been reported, but there is a general atmosphere of hope that the bitter deadlock between the government and the British-owned Anglo-Iranian Oil Company will be broken.

Mr. Harriman scheduled a meeting with the Board tomorrow. He has been keeping the British Ambassador, Sir Francis Shepherd, informed of the course of his talks and the Board has been reporting to Premier Mohammed Mossadeq.—Associated Press.

## RIOTS SEQUEL

Teheran, July 22. The Prime Minister, Dr. Mohammed Mossadeq, today ordered the War Ministry to court-martial General Hassan Bagdad, former chief of Teheran police, in connection with last Sunday's rioting in which 15 persons were killed.

Dr. Mossadeq dismissed General Bagdad on Tuesday. The order called on the War Ministry to try him for dereliction of duty.

Martial law, clamped down following the riots, was to end midnight tonight. The government at today's session did not ask the Majlis to extend martial law.

On the oil front, Iran made a concession to the British, returning the residence permit of Mr. Norman Seddon, Anglo-Iranian Oil Company official. The permit had been taken up by the police last week and Mr. Seddon would have been forced to leave the country if it had not been returned by Monday.

The British Ambassador, Sir Francis Shepherd, formally pro-

tested to the Foreign Minister, Mr. Bagher Kazemi, against Iranian Government Ministers' accusations that the British instigated last week's rioting.—United Press.

## Tension In Jerusalem's Old City

Jerusalem, July 22. Arab Legionnaires with tommy-guns patrolled the streets of Jerusalem's Old City today, 48 hours after the assassination of King Abdullah of Jordan.

Tension has been reported to be high since Friday with clashes between the Legion and the inhabitants following the King's death.

Jordan police aided the Legionnaires in a continuing search for members of the "Holy Fighters" organization to which the King's assassin is alleged to have belonged.

Scanty reports leaking from the Old City, almost hermetically sealed with Legion road blocks, said that 100 people have been detained but the Legion were reported to have the situation well in hand.

The Damascus Gate and its surroundings, where the Legion clashed with crowds on Friday, was calm but heavily guarded.

Standing at the Notre Dam Convent on the edge of the Old City looking into the walled Christian quarter, observers could see little movement in the streets, normally bustling on Sunday mornings.—Reuter.

## SECURITY MEASURES

Tel-Aviv, July 22. Jordan's Arab Legion tightened security measures today against possible assassination attempts at tomorrow's funeral of murdered King Abdullah, reports reaching here said.

Many leading Arab statesmen will be attending the funeral, including Emir Naif, the Jordan Regent, and Emir Abdul Illah, the Regent of Iraq.—Reuter.

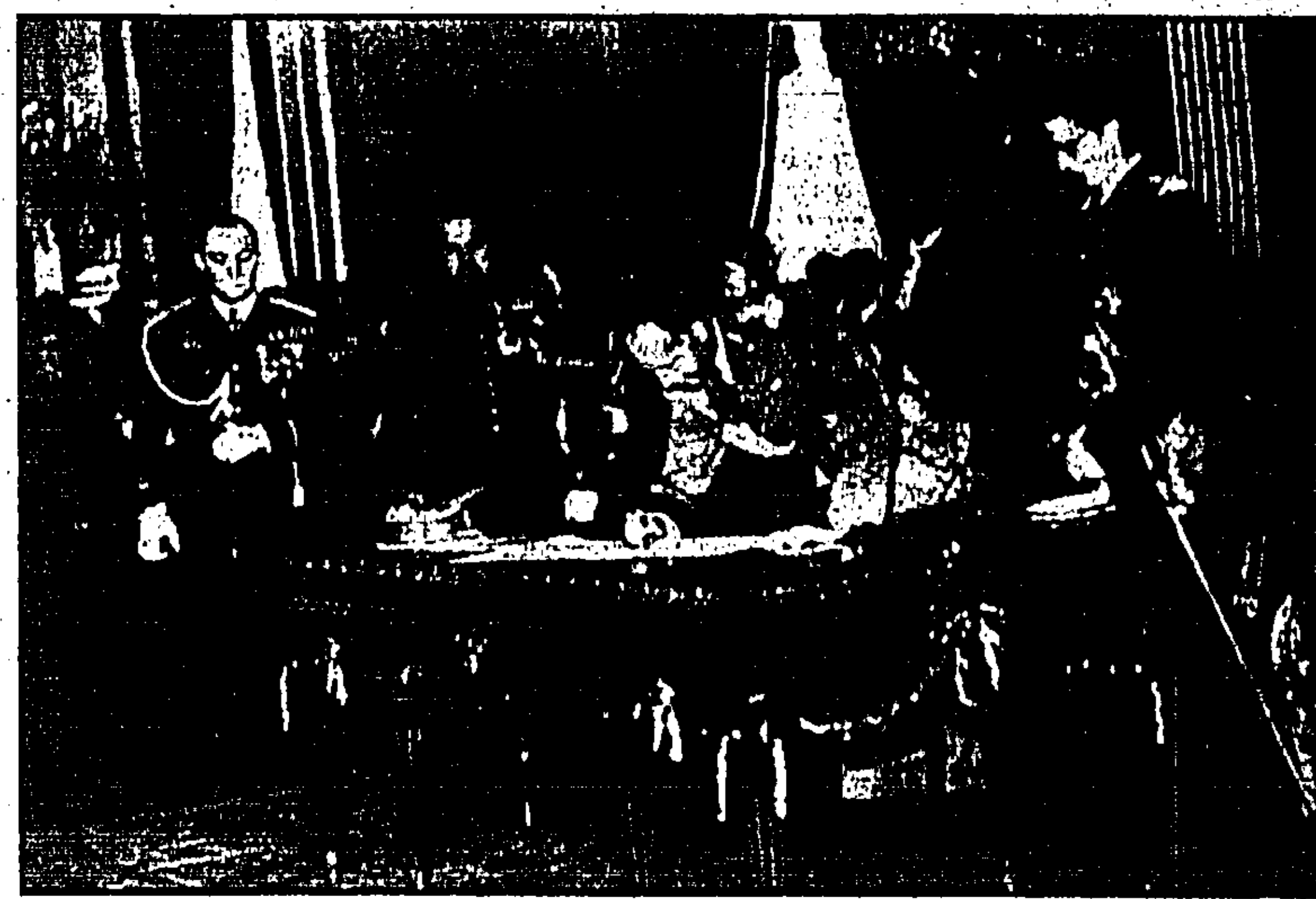
## Missing Plane: Hope Fades

Anchorage, Alaska, July 22. Hope faded today for the rescue of 38 persons aboard a Korean airlift plane which vanished in a pre-dawn storm on Saturday over the treacherous rain and wind-swept peaks and fjords of the Alaskan panhandle.

A two-day international air and sea search for the missing Canadian-Pacific DC-4 transport produced no trace of the plane. It was carrying 28 American servicemen and three civilians attached to the United Nations Army, two members of the Canadian Navy and a crew of seven from Vancouver to Tokyo.—United Press.

## King Leopold Signs Abdication

King Leopold of the Belgians signs the instrument of abdication bringing his 17-year reign to an end, in a ceremony in the ballroom of the Brussels Royal Palace last Monday. Watching are Prince Baudouin (right), the new King of the Belgians; General E. M. Leboutte (extreme left), chief of the Belgian Air Force, and (next to Leboutte) Court Chamberlain Baron Edmond Carton de Wiart.—AP Picture.



## Molotov's Veiled Threat To Tito

Warsaw, July 22.

The Russian Foreign Minister, Mr. Vyacheslav Molotov, warned Marshal Tito of Yugoslavia last night that he, Tito, would not be able to maintain power "by means of bloody terror" for long.

Mr. Molotov, Marshal G. K. Zhukov and representatives of the People's Democracies spoke to 1,500 wildly cheering persons in the Polish National Theatre on the seventh anniversary of the formation of the Polish People's Republic. Former Soviet Marshal Constantin Rokossovsky, commander of the Polish armed forces, was on the speakers' rostrum.

Mr. Molotov devoted most of his lengthy address to reviewing Russo-Polish relations and hailing Poland's progress since the signing of the treaty of friendship with the Soviet Union.

He touched on Yugoslavia, however, and on the "threat of war" created by American military bases in Europe and the Near East.

"Before the eyes of all is the fate of Yugoslavia which, through deception, has fallen into the hands of spies and provocateurs, who betrayed their people and sold themselves to the Anglo-American imperialists," he said. "This cannot continue for long. The people of Yugoslavia will find the road to freedom and elimination of the Tito Fascist regime."

Mr. Molotov said a Russian-Polish alliance was of great importance for the defence of peace.

"We cannot close our eyes to the fact that states belonging to the aggressive North Atlantic Union have taken the road of unrestrained armaments drives and that creation of more and more new American military bases in Europe and the Near East increases the threat of war."

Mr. Molotov charged that Western German and Japanese militarism were being speeded and added: "In these circumstances it is essential not only to safeguard but also to increase to the utmost the vigilance of our people against war and for defending peace."—United Press.

## Successor To Adm. Sherman

Washington, July 22. Defence Department officials said today that Admiral L. D. McCormick, Vice-Chief of Naval Operations, would take over the Navy's top command temporarily as a result of the death of Admiral Forrest P. Sherman.

Admiral Sherman had planned to fly from Naples to Madrid today on his way home from a week's European tour that had included talks with Generalissimo Franco of Spain. Washington officials said that Admiral Sherman's work on the Spanish matter was done and that it was to be carried out at lower levels.—Reuter.

## Plunge 340 Ft And Survive

Yosemite National Park, Calif., July 22.

A young married couple fell into the Tiutlumne River yesterday, plunged 340 feet over the Waterwheel Falls into the pool below and survived, Park authorities said today.

Eric Yeoman, 25, of Alameda, California, climbed out of the pool unscathed after his terrifying experience. His wife Norma, 28, was pulled from the water by two rescuers. She suffered head and back injuries. At Lewis Memorial Hospital, Dr. Avery Sturm, the Park doctor, described her condition as "fair."

Yeoman said he and his wife were on a picnic in the area near Camp Glen Aulin on the river. He said he went to the water's edge to get a drink, lost his footing, and fell into the river. His wife fell in trying to help him.

The Park chief, Oscar Sedegren, said it was a "miracle" the couple escaped alive.—United Press.

## COMMENT OF THE DAY

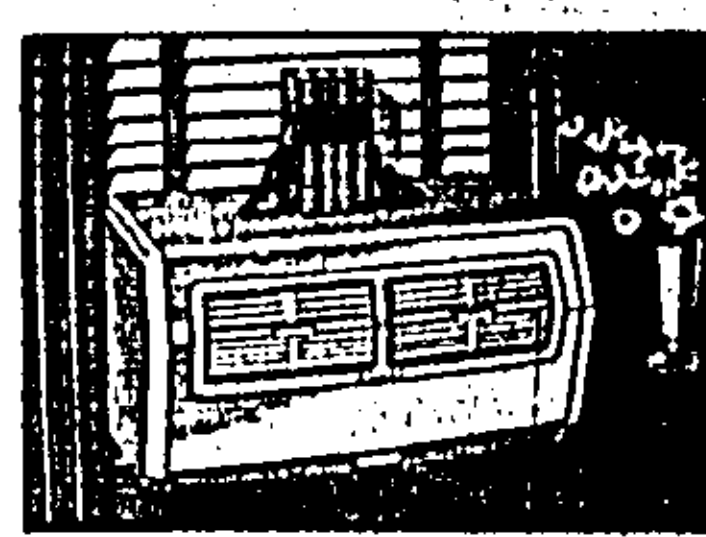
### An Imprint To Be Feared

THE economic and commercial portions of the draft treaty with Japan bear the imprint of Japanese competition feared by Britain, Hong-kong and other parts of the British Commonwealth. That this competition could be formidable there need be no doubt. With a population a sixth larger than before the war and a tremendous reduction of the raw materials under her effective control at the source, Japan's need for export markets at large has been enormously increased. The Chinese mainland, including Manchuria, the Kwantung Peninsula, and Korea, with which Japan's trade was increasing rapidly throughout the 1930s, was taking more than half of Japan's exports by 1938 and supplying nearly half her imports; it is hard to see, especially since the Korean war, how these markets can be opened on any similar scale during the next few years. The keenness of Japan's competition may now be blunted by the obsolescent character of much of her equipment and by the possible shortage of raw materials. But, since the industry of her population remains unimpaired and she will emerge from the treaty unencumbered by any really heavy burden either of reparations or of overseas debt, these handicaps are likely to be transient. Her need for a vastly increased trade outside the Chinese mainland and her ability to achieve it are realities which must be recognized. There would undoubtedly have been much opposition to a treaty which gave Japan back her full economic freedom without requiring her to assume certain international obligations likely to restrain her from competition which could be considered either unfair or disorderly. To some extent this is achieved by Japan's assumption of the obligations implicit in membership of the United Nations and her acceptance of the principles embodied in its charter and in subsidiary agreements, including the undertaking to conform to international labour law and to observe "internationally accepted fair practices" in trade and commerce. She has

already joined the International Labour Organisation. Undertakings to extend to each of the allied Powers most-favoured-nation treatment in matters affecting trade in goods and national treatment in matters affecting shipping and navigation protect the rights of traders in the sphere of Japan's own jurisdiction. It may well be that positive measures and plans for finding an adequate place in the world for Japan's trade, without inflicting undue hardship and difficulty on others, may prove at least as important as the general provisions for equity and order in trade contained in the treaty. The problems set by Japan's need to increase her trade vastly in some parts of the world are immense and will not necessarily solve themselves automatically. In comparison with before the war, room has to be found not only for a much larger aggregate of external trade but also for some substitute for a considerable amount of previous trade with north-east Asia. Again, the general economic plan for Japan has contemplated a huge increase in exports of machinery and tools compared with before the war; some permanent place must be found for these. There is a natural and from every point of view desirable market for a considerable amount of Japan's exports in south-east Asia, though that area's capacity to take them must depend in large measure on the financial aid forthcoming under the south-east Asia plan. In general, all studies of the possible means of making Japan's economy viable lead to the conclusion that Japan must find much larger markets in the Commonwealth and in the sterling area and that much of her raw material supplies must come from these sources. It is wise to seek to ensure that this should occur in an equitable and orderly fashion, but almost certainly hopeless to prevent it from occurring at all. The draft treaty does no more than provide various rules for observance and safeguards for use in case of need. It could lead either to the right policy or to the wrong.

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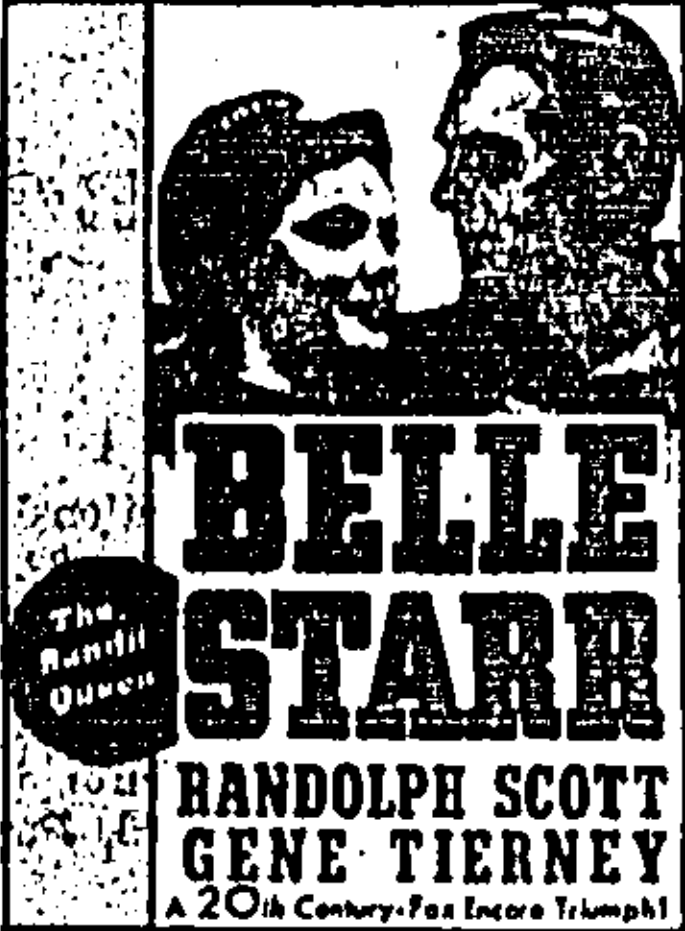


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OPENS TO-MORROW "STARS IN MY CROWN"

## OPTIMISM OVER KAESONG TALKS ON CEASE-FIRE

Tokyo, July 22.

The Communist and United Nations cease-fire delegates conferred separately 600 miles apart today as the shooting war in Korea continued in the face of the four-day recess in the peace talks. In Tokyo the United Nations Supreme Commander, General Matthew Ridgway, met again with Rear-Admiral C. Turner Joy, head of the United Nations truce team, while leading Communist officials were believed to be conferring in Pyongyang, the North Korean capital, over the question of the withdrawal of foreign troops from the embattled land.

## They're Way Out In Front

Rome, July 22. American brassiere manufacturer Arthur Garson, who claims that American women have the largest bosoms in the world, should come to Italy. He will find that Italian women are way out in front.

Garson, vice-president of a brassiere company, was quoted as saying: "On a recent trip to Europe, I was flabbergasted at the difference in bra sizes. He claimed they were much smaller than in the United States. The obvious becomes more obvious with just a five-minute walk through the centre of the city."

Mr Garson is also incorrect in assuming that only American men are "bosom conscious." The American drugstore cowboy is an introvert compared to the average healthy Italian male in admiring a particularly well-formed passer-by on the street. The Italian connoisseur scorns such vulgarities as a long, low whistle or an audible sigh. He just stops and where he is and shows incredulous admiration.

This involves a frontal appraisal and a 180-degree turn as the subject passes. Mr Garson claimed that European women "show no signs right now of ample competition with American girls."

This judgment is based solely on bra sizes, and reflects a completely false outlook. Most young Italian women don't wear brassieres. They don't need them.—United Press.

## Egypt Invited

Cairo, July 22. Egypt was invited by Britain and America today to join the San Francisco Japanese peace treaty conference on September 4.

The United States Ambassador, Mr Jefferson Caffery, issued the invitation on behalf of the American and British Governments.—Reuter.

General Ridgway and Admiral Joy failed to issue a statement after their meeting at General Ridgway's Dal Ichi building Headquarters.

Earlier Admiral Joy said that his view was that the cease-fire agenda was complete and the business at hand was to proceed with negotiations directly leading to an end of the shooting.

There was no word from the Communists today indicating that they might be ready to resume the talks before Wednesday, the date agreed upon.

The Communist delegates asked for a recess at the Saturday meeting at Kaesong. This came on the heels of the United Nations delegation's refusal to discuss the question of withdrawal of troops.

Radio contact with the Communists was being maintained for this eventuality.

## HOPE HELD

Reports of a Communist build-up with some 300,000 frontline troops did not blacken the picture of moderate optimism here.

There was hope that Communists would yield on the agenda question in order to save time and that the request for a prolonged recess lent support to this hope.

Peking Radio at a late hour tonight was silent on the recess developments.

The Communist conference at Pyongyang lacked only official confirmation, however, since the delegates on Saturday asked for and received assurances from the United Nations delegates that their convoy would not be attacked en route to the North Korean capital.—Reuter.

## "Hiya" Is Infra Dig In Hungary

Vienna, July 22. No good Communist ever greets a pretty girl with "Hiya, honey," according to a Hungarian trade union newspaper. The proper greeting when boys meet girls is "Freedom."

"It is a common occurrence in our plant," wrote Ferenc Legin in the Vilagessag, "that the comrades greet the comrades with the usual 'Freedom,' and the comrades answer with a simple 'Hello,' or 'Hi!'"

"Aside from this shame, it may even happen that the comrades return the greeting 'Freedom' with 'Hiya, honey,' or, on taking leave of a comrade, with 'Ta-ta, baby,' or 'Toodle-oo,' accompanied with a farewell wave."

"And if one objects, they say they were only joking. However, it seems that there are some ardent and stubborn jokers who never grow serious."

"We must fight these abortive remnants of capitalism, and convince the workers with sharp criticism that if they do not shake off these capitalist burrs still sticking to them, they will fall backward instead of going ahead."—United Press.

## ARP Practice In Lahore

Karachi, July 22. Lahore, capital of Pakistan Punjab, will have a black-out for two hours tomorrow night as an experiment, a Government announcement today said.

No reasons were given for the decision. The announcement ordered: No lights to be shown in the open during the black-out period.

Shutting of lights within buildings with cloth or thick paper. Motorists should not use headlights.

Some sirens will be sounded to facilitate the experiment, the announcement said. All-India precautions, wardens, police and members of the Civil Defence Organisation will "apportion the public" if the instructions are not obeyed.—Reuter.

## Firemen Wade In Floods In Kansas City Horror



Wet and sweating Kansas City firemen waded waist-deep into flood waters of the Kansas River to get closer to burning warehouses, flames from which were spreading to naphtha and fuel storage tanks. One of the warehouses was packed with cans of grease.—AP Picture.

## UK Delegation In Moscow

Moscow, July 22. A 10-man British delegation comprising doctors, scientists, teachers and students arrived tonight from London. They plan a three-week stay in the Soviet Union where they were invited by the Soviet Society Cultural Relations delegation.

Members expect to visit schools and science institutions here and in other cities. It is the second British delegation to come here in the course of the past week, the other being a Quaker group. One member was unable to come because of passport trouble, which the delegation is trying to clear up.—United Press.

## Red Cross Ready

Washington, July 22.

The Red Cross said today that it was ready to rush supplies to prisoners of war held by the North Koreans and the Chinese as quickly as this became possible.

Mr Frank C. Cleverley, Director of Red Cross foreign operations, said that prisoner of war packages would be sped to the captured Allied soldiers if cease-fire negotiations allowed.

Mr Cleverley said that so far the North Koreans and the Chinese had refused to grant access to the prisoner of war camps by the International Red Cross.

While he could not predict what effect the cease-fire negotiations would have on this problem, "we have ready and waiting some 2,000 prisoner of war packages to alleviate the hardships of these men," he added.—Reuter.

## CHARGES BY VIETMINH

London, July 22.

Indo-China's Vietminh Radio broadcast an official report tonight stating that "American imperialists" were plotting to transform Vietnam into a base for attack against the people of China.

The report was read at a session of the Vietminh Council of Ministers presided over by Ho Chi-minh, their leader.

It said that in view of developments in the world situation, the resistance of the Vietnamese people against French colonialists was also directed against American imperialism.

The "aggressive war" in Indo-China was being carried on with material aid from America and according to their military plan, the report added.—Reuter.

## Redistribution Of Wealth In UK: TUC Attitude

Washington, July 22.

British organised labour is hinting that the Socialist Government it put in office has gone about far enough in redistributing wealth in the United Kingdom by direct taxation.

The top holding company of organised labour in Great Britain is the Trades Union Congress (TUC). The TUC, in turn, is the British Socialist Government's closest ally and greatest source of votes.

London papers relate that the TUC General Council has reported to the Royal Commission on Taxation of Profits and Income that redistribution of wealth has been carried almost as far as is practicable by direct taxation.

The process of redistribution is by high taxes which provide revenue for food, medical, and other subsidies and for Socialist projects in general.

Since 1935 when the late Franklin D. Roosevelt hurried a surprise tax Bill to Congress, his opponents frequently have argued that a redistribution of wealth also was being accomplished in the United States. FDR's hurry-up tax bill was intended largely as a counter-blow to the "share the wealth" campaign being then conducted by the late Huey P. Long.

War and other factors since have pushed United States taxes steadily higher. But they are not yet comparable with the burdens laid upon the British. British sales taxes which reach almost everything short of food start at 33 1/3 per cent and rise to 100.

WELL SATISFIED  
Their income tax begins with an eye-popping 15 per cent on the first \$140 of taxable income and rises steeply to a basic 45 per cent on all taxable income over \$700 a year. The \$140 man pays \$21 in taxes. The maximum surtax of 97 1/2 per cent is effective on all income above \$50,000 annually.

The Socialist Government is well satisfied with this system of shifting income from where it is to where they want it although it also would welcome a chance to reduce rates on lower brackets. But that is not possible now nor likely soon, if ever.

More than a year ago a British Cabinet member, Mr John Strachey, told an election campaign audience that only 250 persons in the United Kingdom then had spendable incomes of more than \$14,000 annually compared with 11,000 in that bracket before the war. He called "redistribution of income" the Socialist Government's most important achievement.

The Government announced last November that only 39 persons then had as much as \$10,000 earned income after taxes compared with 6,500 such persons in 1939.—United Press.

## STEADY PROGRESS IN BUILDING UP JAPAN

## American Plans For 'Industrial Workshop Of Asia'

Washington, July 22.

Government officials reported today that they were making slow but steady progress in their efforts to build up Japan as the "industrial workshop of Asia," a long-range programme designed to contribute to the stability of the entire Far East and Pacific.

The step-by-step programme, disclosed by the United Press some months ago, has three principal features in rough outline:

1. Increased utilisation of valuable Southeast Asian raw materials to feed the considerable industrial capacity of Japan.

2. Increased shipments of Japanese-manufactured capital goods to Southeast Asian and Pacific countries to enable them to build up their economies.

3. Shipment of a somewhat greater amount of strategic raw materials from the United States to Japan to enable the Japanese to produce war-supporting goods for the anti-Communist Allies of the world.

Officials have consistently emphasised that there is no intention of creating some "super agency" to carry out the steps of this programme. They said it was more a question of utilising existing agency facilities to work toward a common goal.

Most recent effort along this line has been a suggestion from Mr Charles Wilson, Defence Mobilisation Director, that the Economic Co-operation Administration and the State and Defence Departments work out a method of "co-ordinating" their individual efforts to make certain all are proceeding toward the same goal.

## SE ASIA MISSION

Meanwhile, efforts to implement individual features of the broad programme have been going on for some time. Joint Mission representing the Japanese Government and Allied Headquarters in Tokyo is at present in Southeast Asia trying to secure more rubber, tin and other strategic materials from that area. Mission members have a strong argument for getting more Southeast Asian raw materials. They point out that in return they can supply capital goods which Southeast Asians need to exploit fully their wealth of strategic commodities.

In Washington, a Japanese allocation and procurement mission has been working some time on problems of supply. It members already have been admitted to two allocations committees of the International Materials Conference (IMC), those on cotton and Pulp and Paper. On other allocations committees they are represented by U.S. military officers.

The IMC is a body which attempts to secure equitable distribution of strategic materials to the anti-Communist nations of the world. The long-range programme for Japan and Asia has several features which commend it to most American military, diplomatic and economic officials.

## RELIEVING BURDEN

Greater utilisation of Japanese industry would relieve the burden on the United States' economy which already is strained trying to produce for the world's defence effort as well as domestic economy.

Also, the greater the industrial activity of Japan the less likelihood there is that that country may have to continue to depend on the United States for some economic assistance. Diplomatic officials generally view the programme as a good way to create stability in Southeast Asia and the Pacific and thus bolster the area against Communist infiltration. And American military officials favour the programme because it will make Japanese industrial skill available to a greater degree in the supply of goods to nations guarding against the Soviet Union and its satellites.—United Press.

## LIBERALS SNUB DE GASPERI

Rome, July 22.

The Liberal Party tonight refused to join the new Cabinet which the Christian Democrat leader, Signor Alcide De Gasperi, is in the process of forming.

Premier De Gasperi's seventh successive Cabinet will thus consist overwhelmingly of Christian Democrats with representation for the small Republican Party as did his last one.

The Social Democrat Party had earlier declined to enter the new Government which is expected to be ready in a few days.

De Gasperi today continued "compromise" consultations with leaders of factions inside his own huge party whose disagreement on economic policy caused his sixth Cabinet to resign on bloc last Monday. Chief butt for attack was the Government's stern line of "no inflation" which was understood to displace a powerful Right-wing group in the party.

Left-wing Christian Democrats demand bigger Government spending to reduce the figure of 2,000,000 unemployed and to speed vast agricultural development schemes.—Reuter.

## Lorelei Camp Of Youth

Lorelei Rock, July 22.

One thousand boys and girls from 14 European countries attended the opening here today of an international youth camp. The camp was opened by Dr Hermann Ehlers, President of the West German Parliament. The ceremony was held in an open air theatre built by Hitler on the Lorelei Rock, one of the favourite sites for Hitler Youth camps.

In seven weeks the camp is open, and young people from all over Europe will come for nine-day visits.

Young speakers from Belgium, Britain, France, Portugal, West Germany and Czech refugee youths made brief speeches today.—Reuter.

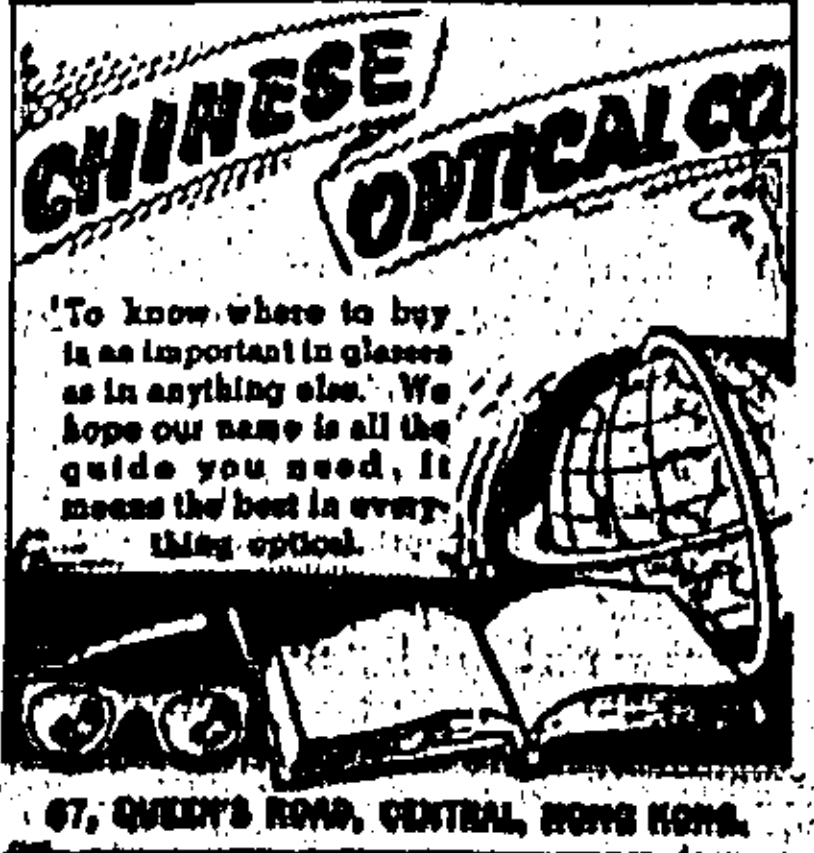
## Galilee Clashes

Haifa, July 22.

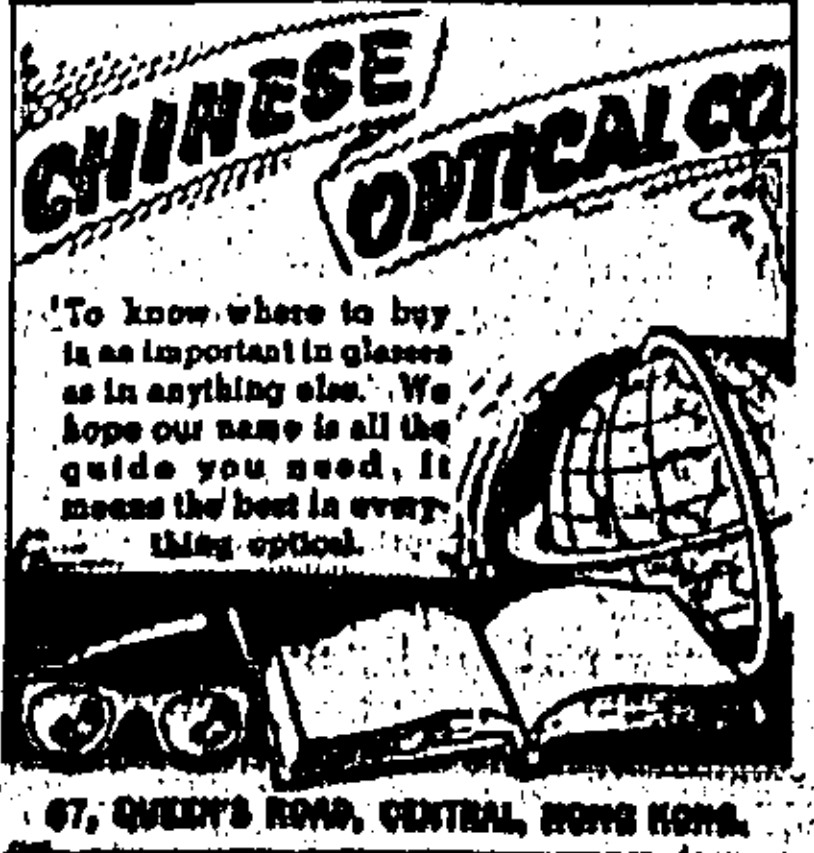
Several were injured and a number arrested in clashes at Julis, Northern Galilee, between members of local political groups, according to Press reports here today.

The reports said that the clashes were caused by the arrival of representatives of the General Zionist Party, campaigning for the general election at the end of the month.—Reuter.

## POP



## Garage space





# Arab World Awaiting Developments With Anxiety

## Rokossovsky Turns Up

Warsaw, July 22. Marshal Rokossovsky, who had been reported "missing", attended last night's rally in the Warsaw State Theatre to celebrate the seventh anniversary of "People's Poland". Foreign diplomats conferred today.

## KASHMIR MEDIATOR CONFIDENT

Karachi, July 22. The United Nations Kashmir representative Dr Frank Graham, after three weeks in the Indian sub-continent, today reiterated his faith in his ability to assist the Governments of India and Pakistan in a peaceful settlement of the Kashmir dispute.

Dr Graham told a Press conference that, due to the delicate nature of this mission, there was very little he could say at the present time. He refused to comment on any question regarding India's co-operation with his mission but later said in reply to a question on his opinion of ultimate success of his mission: "It is my faith that governments always want to settle disputes peacefully."

Dr Graham had a final meeting with the Foreign Minister, Sir Mohammad Zafarullah Khan, this afternoon before flying to Delhi on Monday. He said he would return to Karachi at a later date but there was no definite schedule yet. His Press conference was held shortly after the Prime Minister, Mr Liaquat Ali Khan, had called a special conference of all provincial Chief Ministers to his residence to consider the situation of troop movements on Pakistan's borders. The four-hour meeting was also attended by the Foreign Minister, Defence Secretary and other high officials.

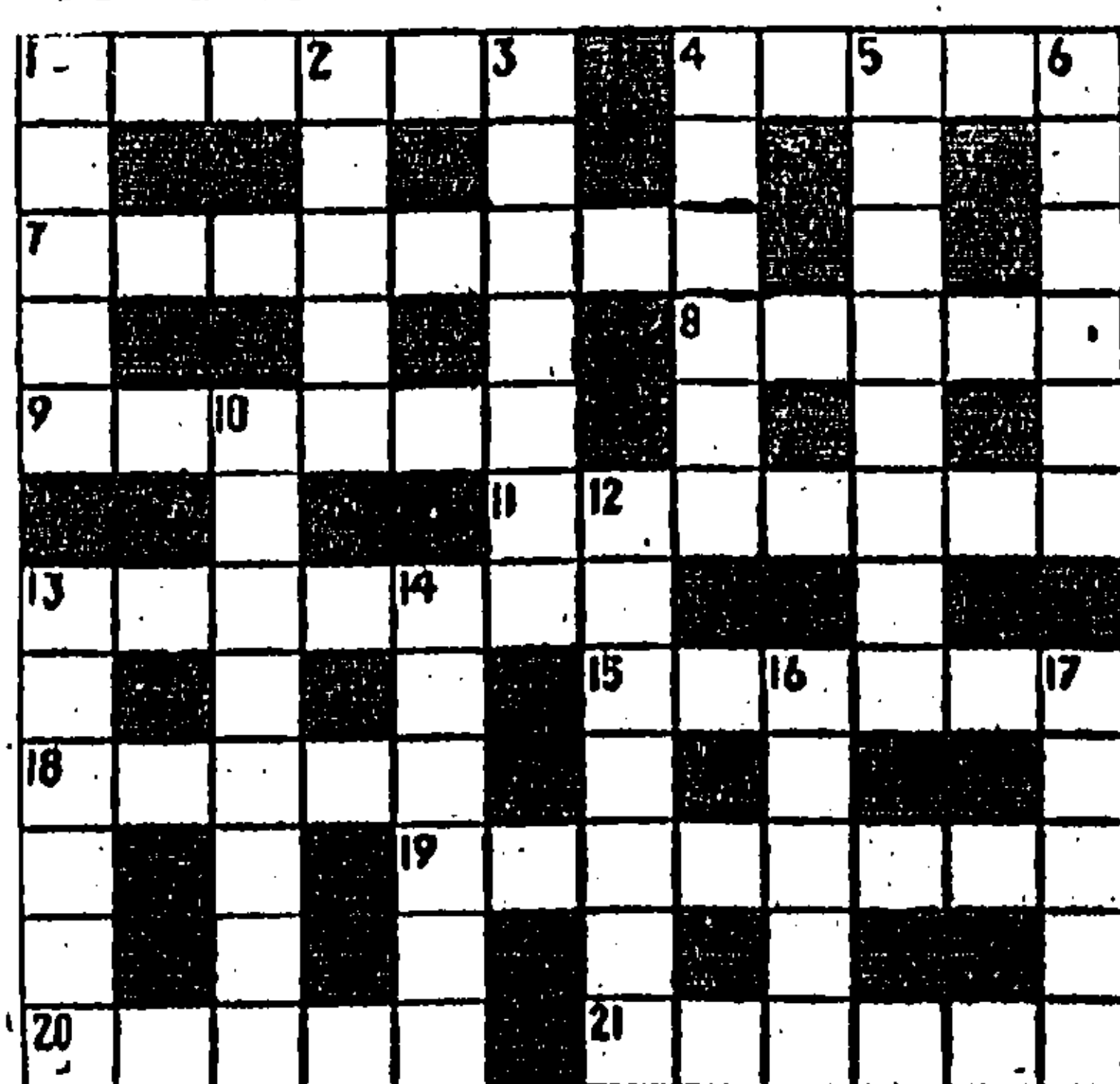
## Warning To America

San Francisco, July 22. Mr. Mochar-Lubis, an Indonesian writer, warned the United States today that she was losing the friendship of Indonesia because she continued to support the French in Indo-China. "We realize that you are not against independence in Indo-China, just the Communists, but remember the people of Asia fear and despise the old Colonial regimes far more than the Communists," he said.

Mr Lubis has been touring the United States.

"Our people thought that

## A British Crossword Puzzle



- ACROSS**
- Medicine (5).
  - Principal (5).
  - Bearing (5).
  - Territory (5).
  - Quiet (6).
  - Goes aboard (7).
  - Unit (7).
  - Confusion (8).
  - States of mind (6).
  - Proclaim (8).
  - Thread (8).
  - Vent (8).
- DOWN**
- Chooses (5).
  - Well (5).
  - Subdue (7).
  - Angelic figure (6).
  - Weakened (8).
  - Dowdy persons (6).
  - Satire (8).
  - Souvenir (7).
  - Force (6).
  - Mad (6).
  - Uncertainty (5).
  - Expect (6).
- SATURDAY'S CROSSWORD**—Across: 1. Flop; 2. Presume; 3. Rile; 4. Dodo; 5. Account; 6. Pace; 7. Safe; 8. Engage; 9. Charm; 10. Wagon; 11. Molester; 12. Lyre; 13. Till; 14. Minister; 15. Urge; 16. Seed; 17. Deserts; 18. Erne; 19. Down; 20. Looft; 21. Proper; 22. Place; 23. Recent; 24. Spoort; 25. Mendis; 26. Seam; 27. Felt; 28. Orgy; 29. Same; 30. Attest; 31. Allude; 32. Origin; 33. Opine; 34. Enrue; 35. Sires.

Damascus, July 22. Syrian political circles today are most anxious that Prince Talal, King Abdullah's eldest son, should succeed his father to the throne of Jordan because of his known policies, which differed from King Abdullah's, these circles said.

Some anxiety was expressed as to how relations between the Arab countries would now develop, particularly so far as Israel and international affairs in general were concerned.

Developments having great repercussions, not only in Arab countries but in the whole world, are expected to occur within the next few months, or even days.

King Abdullah's enthusiasm for the Greater Syria Plan and his friendship for Britain were believed in Syria to serve only his personal and foreign interests, and not those of the Arab world.

The Greater Syria Plan was generally believed to be dead, although Syrians preferred to await foreign reaction before burying it.

It was believed here that Arab solidarity against Israel would now increase, since King Abdullah's policy of peace with Israel was considered a great deterrent to that solidarity.

Syrians also believed that unity within the Arab League would grow and foreign influence in League circles largely disappear.

There was some apprehension regarding the possible trend of Jordanian internal affairs, which might affect the stability of the area. It was believed that the influence of Palestinian Arabs in Jordan would grow.—Reuter.

## TURKEY MOURNS

Ankara, July 22. Lieutenant-General Yusuf Soeli, Chief of Operations of the Turkish General Staff, left here for Amman this morning to represent Turkey at King Abdullah's funeral.

Turkey has gone into official mourning for King Abdullah for three days. All flags are at half-mast.

President Celal Bayar and the Prime Minister, Adnan Menderes, have sent messages of sympathy to the Premier of Jordan expressing the Turkish people's regrets.—Reuter.

## IRAQI REGENT

Amman, July 22. The Iraqi Regent, Emir Abdul Ilah, arrived in Amman this morning by plane, accompanied by the Jordanian Minister in London, Abdul Hamid Haidar. They were received at the airport by an official reception headed by the Emir Nalif, the new Jordanian Regent.—Associated Press.

freedom, automatically means progress and prosperity but we must work for it," he added.—Reuter.

## TRIBUTES PAID TO SHERMAN

Washington, July 22. President Truman and United States top officials expressed shock and dismay today at the death of Adm. Forrest Sherman, U.S. Chief of Naval Operations, of a heart attack in Naples.

The brilliant 54-year-old Naval tactician had gone to Italy to discuss Mediterranean defence strategy after opening the way for an American military "arrangement" with Spain. There was immediate speculation on the effect of his death on the U.S. global defence plans in which Adm. Sherman played the leading role since he took over as Navy Chief on January 25, 1950, following the ouster of Adm. Louis Denfeld in a bitter unification fight.

United States officials did not believe that Adm. Sherman's death would seriously interfere with the Spanish "bases for guns" deal. Adm. Sherman paved the way but details were to be worked out by a separate military and diplomatic mission later.

Adm. L. D. McCormick, Vice-Chief of Naval Operations, was swiftly designated acting Naval Chief pending the selection of a successor. The first speculation on the new "CNO" centred around Adm. McCormick and Admirals Robert Carney, Arthur Radford and William Fechteler.

President Truman, notified by radio aboard the yacht, Williamsburg, on which he was taking a week-end cruise, said he was "shocked and grieved" at the Admiral's death.

Defence Secretary Gen. George Marshall issued a statement describing Adm. Sherman's death as a "definite and serious loss to the nation at this critical time."

The Secretary of State, Mr. Dean Acheson, called Adm. Sherman a "statesman" and said he was "shocked and grieved" in the line of duty.

Military, Naval and Air Force leaders expressed shock at Adm. Sherman's death and without exception paid him the highest personal tributes.—United Press.

## Colonial Minister's Fiji Visit

London, July 22. The Minister of State for Colonial Affairs, Mr John Dugdale, is to visit the Fiji and Solomon Islands during August and September to get first-hand knowledge of local problems.

He will be the first by a Colonial Minister to the Solomon Islands and the first for many years to Fiji.

Mr Dugdale has also accepted an invitation from Queen Salote of Tonga to visit her Pacific Island kingdom.

The Minister leaves by air next Friday and returns on September 12. He will be accompanied on the tour by his private secretary, Mr A. Campbell.—Reuter.

## HANGING FIRE

Madras, July 22. Mr B. V. Keskar, India's Deputy Foreign Minister, said today: "Nothing is happening at the moment either in France or India regarding the future of the French settlements."

He was replying to questions by correspondents about the "slate" over the merger of the foreign settlements in India.

Mr Keskar said: "The problem is not of any great urgency. We must wait for the opportunity to come to do what we can in the matter. India cannot be expected to show an example by using force or pressure."

In Pondicherry, at least some political activity was allowed. Mr Keskar said, but the "methods of Goa are dictatorial and crude."—Reuter.

## Governor Thomas Dewey In Hongkong



Mr Thomas Dewey, Governor of New York State, has extended his stay in Hongkong in order to meet Mr Malcolm Macdonald, British Commissioner-General for Southeast Asia. Here Mr Dewey is shown at Kai Tak with (on his right) Mr Walter P. McConaughy, U.S. Consul-General, and Mr A. J. R. Moss, Director of Civil Aviation.—Staff Photographer.

## Unique Community Lives Like Early Christians

Bromdon, July 22.

There is a tiny community near here where money will not buy a thing. They just do not use it.

It's a cluster of buildings in the green farmlands of Shropshire. The 25 families own no private property, live on the food they grow for themselves, and everyone is equal.

Although they do not believe in private property, they are not Communists. They have gone back 1,800 years to live like the early Christians. A telephone and power driven machinery are among the few reminders of the 20th century on their 545-acre farm.

"Our aim is to give a practical demonstration of brotherhood, peace and justice on the application of Christ's teaching," a spokesman explained.

And that, they believe, means changing the turmoil and money-seeking of the outside world for the simple life of poverty and frugality in the rolling Shropshire hills.

They call themselves the Society of Brothers. Although their life is simple, they are no ascetics. Most of the bronzed, bearded men are married, and live at the Bromdon settlement with their wives and children.

Smoking, dancing and other simple pleasures are allowed.

But there are no shops—in the settlement. An elected steward arranges the supply of the few essentials from the outside world. Anyone in need of a new shirt or a postage stamp applies to the steward, who can provide it out of the common purse.

## STEADY GROWTH

In spite of their apparent isolation, the Brothers have not lost interest in the world outside. They feel their system points the way toward healing strife and social ills in the world, and there are frequent discussions on contemporary problems.

The movement is growing steadily. The settlement in England has increased from three to its present strength of 80 adults and 100 children in 10 years. A larger section of the brotherhood in Paraguay has grown in the same period from 350 to 650.

The brotherhood was started in Germany by a Dr Eberhard Arnold after World War I. Their pacifism—they will not take up arms—and refusal to allow their children to be indoctrinated with Hitler's Germany, and they moved out in 1937.

They picked up fresh recruits in Holland on their way to England, and in 1940-41 all but three of them moved to South America. The Bromdon settlement has grown from those three. About half the members are English.

There are more than a dozen other nationalities in the movement—including three Harvard graduates from the United States, German, Swiss, Dutch, French and South Americans.

## ABSOLUTE EQUALITY

The Brothers come from all walks of life, and lawyers, doctors, engineers, miners, surveyors, locksmiths, builders, teachers, carpenters and tramps have joined.

In entering the brotherhood all become equally poor, and all have an equal say in how it is run. Every decision is by consultation until unanimity is reached—there are no majority votes.

There is the minimum number of officials—about an elected steward, and elected "work

distributors" who allot the daily tasks.

The basic idea is that only for the individual but for the social ills of mankind," one Brother said. So they group together to build up Christian communities.

On joining, a Brother gives all his money and worldly possessions to the movement. He never gets it back and he gets no wages.

**RELIGIOUS WORK**  
Each man works according to his ability, helping to run the farm, with its 300 acres of standing crops, 200 cattle, 400 sheep, 50 pigs and 2,000 hens. Produce not needed for feeding the settlement is sold. The money goes to provide their rough, simple clothing, fuel for the tractors, the occasional cigarette.

If there is any left over it is spent on social, or religious work for the brotherhood aims to keep its poverty even as a corporate body. Ten German war orphans have been

adopted in this way, and from time to time members of the brotherhood—described as "servants of the world"—are sent into the outside world.

They give talks to working men's clubs and other organisations, and interview anyone who wishes to join the movement. Would-be recruits serve as novices—usually for about one year—before being admitted. Brothers have toured in recent years the United States, Argentina, Chile, Brazil, Germany and other countries.

The duties of the "servants of the world" also include celebrating marriages inside the settlement. They are then legitimised at a registrar office. The community has its own school, staffed by its own teachers; its own midwives, and its own burial rites for the dead.

While the men farm the land, the women work in the communal laundry and kitchens. The whole settlement meets for the communal meals.—Associated Press.

## Greek Communists Resume Activity

Athens, July 22.

The Communist Party of Greece, which in 1947 launched a losing revolutionary war which cost the country 92,000 dead and \$7,000,000,000 in national resources, has begun a campaign from Cominform satellite bases to re-establish their shattered party.

Lightly-armed groups of three to five men have been crossing the Bulgarian frontier, today the most active northern border, in increasing numbers. Their instructions, according to interrogation of prisoners, were to re-organise a party organisation underground.

Impartial Greek observers estimate the number of the hard-core underground today at 1,000, compared to 8,000 party exiles in Cominform camps. In a free election, the party might poll up to four per cent of the vote, these observers believe, pointing to the 1950 elections when the extreme left wing bloc, for which Communists were instructed to vote, received nine per cent of the ballots.

The party is banned in Greece today. It has no Press, underground or otherwise; its paper propaganda is limited to typewritten slips carrying party slogans which are circulated in the mails—the method used by the Tudeh Party in Iran after it was declared illegal.

## BORDER INCIDENTS

But Greece is assailed daily by two broadcasts from the "Free Greece" guerrilla radio, which was moved from Belgrade to Bucharest at the time of Yugoslavia's expulsion from the Cominform. This station carries speeches and articles written by officials many of whom live in Bucharest but travel frequently among the satellite capitals.

Although the border warfare has slackened to an occasional

"incident," there has been no let-up of military activity behind the lines of either side.

Greek border garrisons are manned by troops of the best-trained and best-equipped army in modern Greek history, now numbering 150,000. In Rumanian and Bulgarian camps, guerrilla cadres undergo military training in a programme supervised by Demetrios Vlandas, the junta's last Minister of War.

## NEW TURN

As the post-war arms build-up goes on, Communist propaganda has taken a new turn. Party boss Nicholas Zachariades, secretary-general of the K.K.E., recently "revealed" that Greek General Alexander Papagos and the U.S. military mission in Athens had thrown up a "Plan Lightning" providing for a surprise attack against Albania. If successful, the southern half of Albania was to be annexed to Greece and the northern half to Yugoslavia. Zachariades, who spends most of his time in France, claimed that the Americans were waging an alliance between the Greek and Yugoslav General Staffs.

Peace is a rare commodity in Greece. In the last 40 years a single generation has seen five foreign wars, eleven revolutions and two civil wars. Many Greeks describe the 1947-49 war as the first battle of World War III, and hope that it will give them future respite. For 10 years of peace and billions in foreign aid will be needed to return Greece to her pre-war standard of living.—United Press.

## KING'S MAJESTIC

Air-Conditioned

★ SHOWING TO-DAY ★  
AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 | AT 2.30, 5.20, 7.20  
G 9.30 P.M. | G 9.30 P.M.

## ELECTRIFYING!



At The KING'S At The MAJESTIC

ADDED  
Walt DISNEY'S  
Colour Cartoon  
"Little Hiawatha"  
and latest Universal-  
International Nowrrol

ADDED  
Walt DISNEY'S  
Colour Cartoon  
"Clock Cleaners"  
and latest Warnor-  
Pathe Newrrol



★ FINAL SHOWING TO-DAY ★

4 SHOWS AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

You'll Roll In The Aisles At  
The Year's Best Comedy!



ADDED ATTRACTION  
ONE YEAR IN KOREA  
A Comprehensive War Documentary On The  
United Nations Effort To Curb Aggression

TO-MORROW AT THE LEE

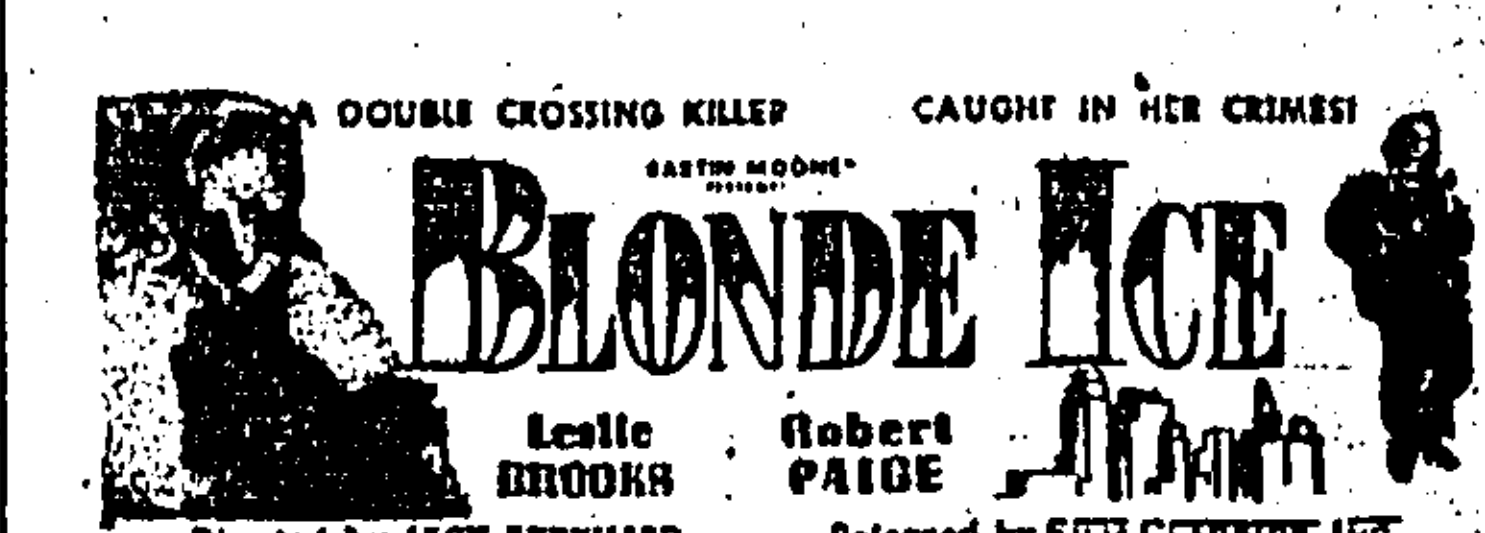
Richard Denning — Lisa Farraday in

FLAME OF STAMBOUL

A COLUMBIA PICTURE

TO-MORROW AT THE LIBERTY

DOUBLE CROSSING KILLER CAUGHT IN HER CRIMES



Directed by JACK BENSHARD Colored by FIVE STAR COLOR INC.



SHOWING TO-DAY AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

The Blazing Saga of Untamed Men And a Savage Wilderness!



★ COMING ATTRACTION ★





*When only the best will do*

It is a well known fact that the best Virginia cigarettes are made in London; but, fortunately, they do not all stay there! The famous Benson & Hedges red tin is a familiar sight in almost every country of the world. You will find these cigarettes in the hands of particular smokers who prefer to pay just a little more to make quite sure of having the absolute best for all those occasions when only the best will do.

IN TINS OF 20  
\$1.10

NOT ONLY  
FOIL WRAPPED BUT  
ALSO PACKED IN  
POCKET TINS OF 20

BY APPOINTMENT  
TO HIS MAJESTY THE KING

SUPER VIRGINIA CIGARETTES  
BY  
**BENSON and HEDGES**  
OLD BOND STREET, LONDON

*How Do You Get to be an Old Maid, Auntie?*



READER'S DIGEST\* Reported The Same Research Which Proves That Brushing Teeth Right After Eating with

**COLGATE DENTAL CREAM STOPS TOOTH DECAY BEST**

**Use Colgate Dental Cream To Clean Your Teeth While You Clean Your Teeth—And Help Stop Tooth Decay!**

Then she demanded a pair of shoes exactly like her sister's were. Eagerly her father, Janus Hertogh, ex-sergeant of the Dutch army who now works as a storekeeper for £8 a week, went out into the pouring rain, even though shops had shut, to buy them for her.

JOYFULLY he realised that they had won the first round in the long patient battle between the influences of East and West.

Neighbours, friends, in fact all the 80,000 inhabitants of the town watched sympathetically as Bertha slowly emerged, dressed as other Dutch school-children and finally was persuaded to go to the Roman Catholic Convent of St. Gerarda Majella.

But the battle was not yet won. Bertha would not part with her long hair.

In March, on her 14th birthday, her father said that Uncle Jan, an old friend of the family, would give her a haircut like her friends at school.

But she said no. But this week she went to her father and shyly asked if Uncle Jan could please cut her hair.

To the Hertogh home Uncle Jan hurried with his scissors, and the last visible evidence of the young Malay wife disappeared within a few minutes as a completely happy Hertogh family looked on.

The same night the whole of Bergen-op-Zoom had heard the news.

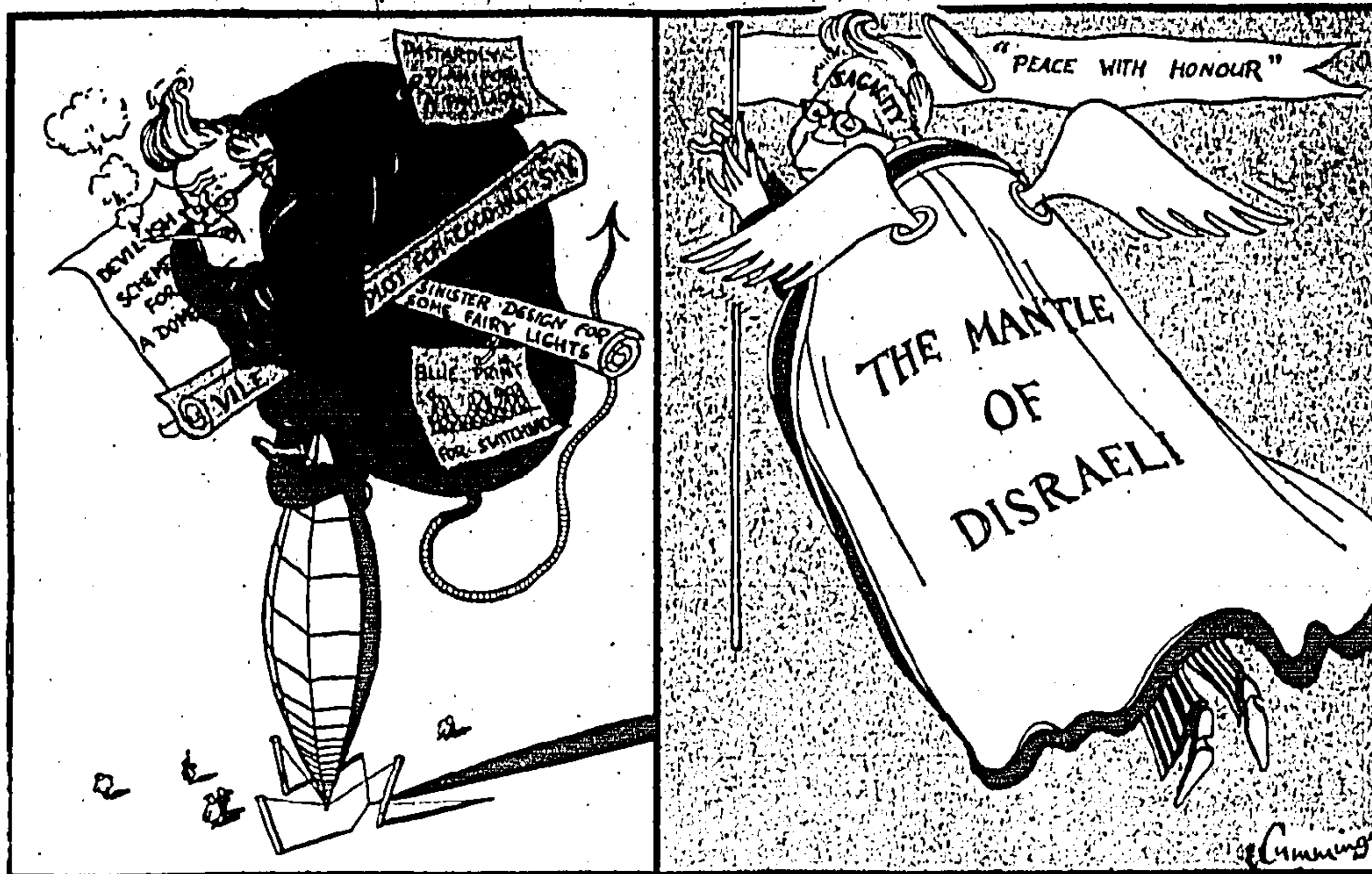
"Tonight, while Bertha was sleeping with her sister Wiesje in the room she had once refused to share, her father, glowing with happiness, told me: 'At last Bertha is one of the family. It has taken us a long time to rid her of old influences. Now Bertha thinks no more of her life in Malaya.'"

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## MR. HYDE . . . and . . . DR. JEKYLL



THE WICKED LORD FESTIVAL THE IMMACULATE FOREIGN SECRETARY

## A SIMPLE HAIRCUT WINS JUNGLE GIRL

By Jack Greenslade

Bergen-op-Zoom, Holland, Saturday. TONIGHT there is an air of quiet rejoicing in this busy market town. It is all because a little girl has had her hair cut.

The wavy brown hair—it once fell to her waist—belonged to Maria Bertha Hertogh, the "Jungle Girl," whose return to Holland six months ago caused religious riots and 17 deaths in Singapore after her marriage at the age of 13 to a Moslem schoolteacher had been annulled.

The annulment of the nine-and-a-half month marriage spelled the end of her eight years of life with her Malay foster mother, Che Aminah, who took Bertha into the jungle when the Japanese occupied Indonesia.

But for her parents, who for months had fought for the custody of their child, the decision of the court meant that the real battle had just begun—the battle to make of this strange Oriental bride a normal Dutch-schoolgirl.

### First Words

For Bertha's first words were "Don't call me Bertha. I am Nadra Binte Maarot. It is my Moslem name."

And it was as Nadra Binte Maarot, Malay housewife and Moslem, that she arrived here to join her six brothers and sisters in the Hertogh six-roomed house facing the Emmalpen square.

The formidable task of reclaiming Bertha has been going on for six months.

At first Bertha would not discard her native sarong and refused to part with the colourful pieces of jewellery she had been used to wearing. She demanded Eastern dishes to which she was accustomed. She refused to go to Mass with the rest of her family. She wanted to go to a mosque instead. She would not even wear European shoes.

The whole of the Hertogh family were subject to her. She would stamp her foot imperiously when anything displeased her. Her sisters, 15-year-old Wiesje and Corrie, three years younger, virtually became her servants.

Three times a day they combed her hair. She would not eat with the family until they had done so. For months Bertha was a young woman of the East, quenching it over the pouring rain, even though shops had shut, to buy them for her.

### One Round

Then she demanded a pair of shoes exactly like her sister's were. Eagerly her father, Janus Hertogh, ex-sergeant of the Dutch army who now works as a storekeeper for £8 a week, went out into the pouring rain, even though shops had shut, to buy them for her.

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MARIA BERTHA HERTOGH . . . now the battle is at an end.

"In a few months' time she will learn to be a Dutch housewife. By then she will have finished learning how to read and write and will begin studying domestic science."

### New Bertha

Bertha said no. But this week she went to her father and shyly asked if Uncle Jan could please cut her hair.

To the Hertogh home Uncle Jan hurried with his scissors, and the last visible evidence of the young Malay wife disappeared within a few minutes as a completely happy Hertogh family looked on.

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"At school she is very happy. She plays basketball and is learning the piano. No longer does she speak Malay. Soon she will speak her native tongue as well as her friends."

## Continuing IS A NEW HITLER RISING? I HEARD REMER ECHO THAT NAZI STYLE

by SEFTON DELMER

IN the last days of January 1945 Hitler received a visit from his favourite front-line commander, 32-year-old Major-General Otto Ernst Remer, on his way to the east from the disastrous failure of the Ardennes offensive.

Remer reminded Hitler that before ordering the offensive he had told the commanders that if they did not succeed it would be the end.

The implication behind Remer's words was that the time had come to spare Germany from carrying on a hopeless battle on German soil.

But Hitler would not listen. He sent Remer on what he believed to be a suicide mission.

"There will be no surrender," Hitler ordered. "You with my own Fuehrer-brigade will set an example. You will continue the fight until there are no survivors."

"It is a sacrifice you must make for the Fatherland. For in death with honour lies the surest guarantee that Germany will rise again."

What would Hitler have said if he could have foreseen that six years after this last interview between them Remer not only would not be dead—he did in fact go on fighting until after Hitler's own death and Doenitz's surrender—but that he would be . . .

1. Campaigning for the rebirth of a Greater Germany united in a Fourth Nazi Reich.

2. Appealing to Germans not to allow Chancellor Adenauer's West German Government to rebuild the German Army or take any part in the collective defence of the West against the Soviet East.

### Nihilism

NOW, strange as it may seem to you in the light of Hitler's own career devoted to rearmament and anti-Communism, I believe he would have endorsed the Remer line 100 percent.

For it fits in perfectly with that shortsighted super-nationalist nihilism of which first the Kaiser, and then Hitler, were the exponents, and now Remer.

Certainly nothing could have been more Nazi in atmosphere than the beer-hall meeting to which Remer took me in the little Schleswig town of Meldorf. Except that there were no swastikas, no saluting with upstretched hand, no calls of "Sieg Heil!" and no storm troops to line the hall—the Government has banned them—it might have been the scene of one of Hitler's early meetings.

### 'Our Parsifal'

BEHIND us on the wall was the party's symbol, a black Hohenstaufen eagle on a background of red. Underneath it, at a long beer-table, sat the local party dignitaries, eagle badges in the lapels of their coats where the swastika used to be. Some of them wore old

But at the same time he sharply denies any intention of restoring the Third Reich with its Fuehrer's big and small. "We are against the one-party State," he says. "We want the rule of law and not the rule of the Gestapo. We want democracy. But it must be a German democracy and not a Soviet or an American democracy."

### Present damage

VASTLY more important than these echoes and repudiations, however, in my opinion, was his demand that Germany must become independent once more of both East and West if she is to be saved from total atomisation in a third world war. I asked that, though his arguments appeared to attack both the Soviet and the Americans with impartial vehemence, their ultimate effect serves the Soviet cause. For they help to undermine what solidarity the Germans may feel with the West.

And here the damage does not depend on the distant prospect of his taking power, but on the effect his words have now.

I recalled the reports I had been given of alleged meetings between Soviet Zone representatives and colleagues of Remer in the "Socialist Reich Party."

So I decided to ask him some questions about all this.



Continued Tomorrow (London Express Service)

## ★ AMERICAN NEWSCOPE

### From Newell Rogers

NEW YORK. HUBERT Poteat, of Wake Forest, North Carolina, is surprised.

Who is Hubert? He is the Imperial Potentate of the Imperial Council of the Ancient Arabic Order of the Nobles of the Mystic Shrine.

He booked 23,000 rooms in New York's hotels for the Shrine's annual convention. But more than 20,000 of the boys have turned up with their wives and families. It makes about 100,000 odd-looking visitors in New York.

### ★

They are everywhere in the city, middle-aged men wearing gaudy Turkish fezzes with long tassels which contrast with their horn-rimmed glasses. Some even wear white baggy trousers.

Fake black maras tear through town with motor-cycle escorts of befezzed Shriners.

In Park Avenue, while grinning police looked on indulgently, in America a convention is rather unconventional.

### 'PAT' LASHES OUT

SENATOR "Pat" McCarran has silvery hair and comes from the silver-currency state of Nevada. But his approach to Voice of America broadcasts to overseas lands is far from silvery.

One of the Voice's bitterest and most persistent critics he has just unleashed another blast. He claims the whole organisation has fallen under the sway of Communists and fellow-travellers who "slant" the Voice's sayings to the detriment of the U.S.

### DRIVE IN AND DINE

MOTELS across America are now very big business indeed. Designed for the man in a driving hurry (you're on your own, with no staff, no tips, and leave when you like), their number has jumped from 13,521 in 1939 to over 30,000 now.

And they are taking \$200 million a year.

Their standards of luxury are jumping swiftly, too. In a superb new air-conditioned motel that has just opened near Fort Worth, Texas, you pick your own steak and brand it with a hot iron "W" for rare, "M" for medium, and "W" for well done.

### FIGHTING MAYOR

THE MAYOR of Haverhill, Massachusetts, got into an argument with his chief of police over the assignment of police beats. The mayor punched the chief on the chin and knocked him down. But the chief got the last laugh—the mayor is in a cell on an assault charge.

### CURTAIN-RAISER

FOR a long time Americans have cast envious eyes on the Shakespeare Memorial Theatre at Stratford. Now they are going to try to emulate it.

Governor John Lodge, of Connecticut, has signed a Bill incorporating a non-profit organisation which plans to build a \$500,000-dollar theatre in Westport, patterned after the old Globe Theatre, to show Shakespeare rep. It will be finished next year.







# RECREIO TRIO PUT UP A FIGHT AGAINST THE OMAR BROTHERS A Seven Lost On The 15th Spelt Their Downfall

The Omar brothers, who are already in the last four of the open Rinks competition, entered their second semi-final of the current Colony Lawn Bowls Open Championships with a narrow 22-19 win over Recreio's A. M. Alves, M. A. Baptista, and A. M. Souza in the best of yesterday's three open Triples quarter-final games.

The losers put up a surprisingly good fight and it was anybody's game until the 14th head when an uncalled for drive by skip A. M. Souza gave away an irrecoverable seven.

With the Indian lead, A. M. Omar, having the better of an evidently out-of-practice A. M. Alves, and U. M. Omar playing his usual classy game, the Omars took a lead of 9-2 at the end of the 8th head.

M. A. Baptista was the backbone of the losing trio and was responsible for converting the 11e into his favour on a great number of occasions.

On the 9th head, with a 11e on one in his favour, Souza rested the opposing second shot, trailing the Jack slightly at the same time for a count of four.

The Recreio combination followed this up with another four on the next head to lead by 10-9. Baptista added two beautiful counters to an already drawn shot by Alves. U. M. Omar went wide with all his three woods, enabling Souza to add another counter for a count of four.

After conceding a single on the 11th head, the losers had another good count of three as a result of a brilliant shot by Baptista who played on his own wood to rest through his opponents' lying shot for three.

The Omars retaliated with the same count on the next head and scored a single on the 14th head to lead by 14-13.

## DECIDING HEAD

On what proved to be the deciding 15th head, the Omars were lying one shot when the skips went down to bowl. U. M. Omar placed two blockers, one on the forehand and one on the backhand and drew a second shot that was Jack-high and about 12 inches from the Jack with his last wood.

A similar draw by Souza with his last wood would have seemed to be the logical shot, but instead a full-blooded drive was resorted to. This sent his third and fourth shots crashing into the ditch, leaving the Omars with a count of seven, and a lead of 21-13.

Undaunted, the Recreio three came back with a four on the next head, but found the game already beyond their grasp, losing by 19-22.

## WENT TO PIECES

In what was expected to be the closest game of the evening, J. Leonard, R. F. de Luz and B. W. Bradbury went completely to pieces in their match against R. Bora, C. R. Rossetti and J. S. Landolt, none of them showing any semblance of their usual form.

All the three members of the winning team gave a consistent performance, particularly R. Bora, and C. R. Rossetti, who gave their skip no excuse at all for resorting to his Vangerous drives.

The winners scored on 11 of the 19 heads to win comfortably by 23-10.

In the third quarter-final match of the evening, P. Hughes, R. B. Robertson and W. McCall maintained the form that gave them their previous upset win against F. Lee, W. C. Ogley and A. E. Coates.

Pitted yesterday against Indian Recreation Club's youthful combination of K. M. Rum-

John, I. Ali and M. B. Hassan, the Kowloon Dock three had to fight every inch of their way to an 18-14 victory.

They were down 5-10 at the end of the 8th head, but rallied back to level the score at 13-13. On the 16th head the score was again level, but, however, on the remaining four heads, when they scored a two and two singles, brought them into the semi-finals.

The fourth quarter-final match between K. Bodie, W. C. Simpson and J. McKelvie and F. G. da Luz, D. A. Rozario and V. N. Atienza was postponed to July 29 due to the indisposition of McKelvie.

## THE RESULTS

Following were the results of yesterday's Open Triples Lawn Bowls Quarter-finals matches:

At KBOC.—A. M. Omar, K. M. Omar, U. M. Omar beat A. M. Alves, M. A. Baptista, A. M. Souza, 22-19.

At K.C.C.—P. Hughes, R. B. Robertson, W. McCall beat K. M. Rumjaha, I. Ali, M. B. Hassan, 18-14.

## HOME GUARDS WIN

Home Guards beat Hongkong Regiment by 28 shots in a friendly match played at KCC yesterday.

AUX W. H. Hitchens, Lt.-Col. C. W. L. Cole, AUX W. H. Cowie, CSM L. A. F. (Home Guards) beat Lt.-Col. B. G. Pugh, Sgt. R. O. Baker, Sgt. G. S. Ladd, Sgt. J. C. Remond, 28-14.

AUX E. P. A. White, AUX P. Capell, Lt. E. C. Fincher beat Sgt. J. Jammer, Pte. C. Sanders, Capt. P. M. N. da Silva, Capt. M. N. Rakusen, 24-15.

Cal F. J. T. Hughes, Lt.-Col. J. R. Goncalves, AUX A. H. Seemlin, Sgt. L. Brenny beat ASM J. King, ASM J. Cooper, Lt.-Col. E. H. Rossetti, CSM A. F. Pereira, 22-11.

## TODAY'S GAMES

Open Pairs—Second Round at HKFC

A. R. Minu & A. K. Minu v. M. A. Baptista & A. P. Pereira.

U. A. Rumjaha & W. H. Sling v. R. Tay & C. W. Lam.

## AT CCC

A. A. Neish & S. Maslem v. W. C. Simpson & J. McKelvie.

G. Perkins & W. Cameron v. B. A. Mansell & B. I. Bickford.

## AT KCC

F. Francis & A. Bailey v. A. H. Seemlin & A. M. Wahab.

N. A. Beltrio & R. M. V. Ribeiro v. A. E. Coates & B. W. Bradbury v. L. M. Rodrigues & L. F. Xavier.

## AT KBOC

S. E. Souza & A. V. Gosano v. M. Scott & J. McCutcheon.

## White City Asks For Permission To Seat 75,000

London, July 22. Mr. F. S. Gentle, Chairman and Managing Director of the Greyhound Racing Association, the owners of the White City Stadium, London, has made application to the London County Council to increase the permitted attendance from 50,000 to 75,000.

Mr. Gentle said in his letter to the Council that if an increase was granted there was a reasonable prospect of a return bout between the World Middleweight Boxing Champion, Randolph Turpin, of Belfast, and Sugar Ray Robinson, of the United States, taking place at the White City in September.

"Every effort is being made in America to promote the fight thing and I can only imagine that if the American return bout comes off, it will be obtainable in the United States," his letter adds.

Mr. Gentle said he was in London to discuss the matter with the Council and to see what could be done to make the stadium safe for the proposed fight.

## SPOTLIGHT ON LEN HUTTON



The Surrey team, hang back and applaud as Len Hutton, (in foreground), master batsman, walks in to the pavilion at the Oval after scoring the 100th century of his career. He thus joins a very select band of cricketers who have performed this feat. Hutton has since scored his 101st century, against Nottingham.—Central Press Photo.

# A Great Row Is Now Going On Over The BBC Broadcast Of The Turpin-Robinson Fight

By VERNON MORGAN

London, July 22.

A great row is now going on over the broadcast of the Turpin-Robinson fight which has reached even the main news pages.

The British Broadcasting Corporation has had a number of protests from listeners that the fight as reported bore no resemblance to what actually happened. The newspapers, too, have been inundated with letters from readers complaining bitterly of the broadcast.

The facts are these. According to most of the boxing experts sitting at the ringside, the British challenger, Randolph Turpin, won comfortably, having lost no more than three of the 15 rounds and having won eight rounds or more.

This was the unanimous verdict of all writers at the ringside.

It was evidently shared by all those in the Earl's Court arena watching the contest.

The BBC commentators on the other hand led the public to believe that there was absolutely nothing between the two contestants and that it was anyone's fight as they came to the last round.

## OFFICIAL ENQUIRY

There has been an official enquiry by the BBC into the question and senior officials have listened to a re-broadcast of the

# Djebellica Wins The Irish Oaks

Dublin, July 21.

Djebellica, owned by the Comte de Chambure, won the Irish Oaks for France to-day when she beat the English trained Queen of Sheba, winner of the Irish Thousand Guineas, with Stratonic, the French Oaks winner, third.

Queen of Sheba was a five to four favourite, Djebellica, starting at odds of four to one, and Stratonic seven to two.

The race, over one mile and a half at the Curragh, attracted 13 runners, and Charlie Smirke, the English jockey, flew over specially to ride Djebellica. It was a keen finish, with Smirke getting the French filly home by a neck with Stratonic six lengths behind.—Reuter.

## All Blacks Win

Brisbane, July 21.

The New Zealand Rugby Union All Blacks won the third and final Test against Australia here to-day by 10 points to six.

New Zealand scored two goals and two tries, and Australia two goals and one try. The All Blacks' speed and penetration non-plussed the Australian side.—Reuter.

## D'Esteau Wins French Title

Paris, July 22.

Bernard d'Esteau beat Robert Abdessalam in five sets in the final of the French National Lawn Tennis Championship, which was held here to-day.

d'Esteau won 4-0, 6-1, 6-1, and 7-5.—Reuter.

## Soccer Team Returns

The South China Athletic Association football team returned yesterday by air from England. They had played a friendly match in London.

# LEN HUTTON'S CENTURY OF CENTURIES

By ARCHIE QUICK

Once upon a time Yorkshire's cricket team had a pair of great opening batsmen named Brown and Tunnicliffe. They once made a first wicket stand of 554 against Essex. Years later there came another pair, Holmes and Sutcliffe, and they scored 555 runs also against hapless Essex.

The spotlight of fame has switched and the mantle has now fallen on Hutton and Lawson. As yet though one is the master and the other the pupil, and it was very much that way when I was privileged to sit in the pavilion at Kennington Oval, scene of so many of his batting triumphs, and watch Hutton join the illustrious company who have scored a hundred centuries.

What a lucky man Lawson is to be able to spend so much time at the wicket absorbing the skill of Hutton. 197 runs they put on upon this memorable occasion, and Hutton eventually got to 151 in a declared score of 431 for three against eight tired Surrey bowlers. The Oval wicket was hardly to its old tricks, and the Malton farmer, left-handed Vic Wilson, was able to score 114 not out.

Sitting beside me was Wisden's statistician, Roy Webber, and from him I gleaned the following facts about Hutton's feat. He is the thirteenth man to achieve it. Predecessors with their totals are:—Hobbs (197), Hendren (179), Hammond (167), Mead (163), Sutcliffe (149), Wooley (145), Grace (129), Bradman (117), Sandham (107), Hayward (104), E. Tyldesley (102), Ames (100).

## REFEREES' MEETING

The annual general meeting of the Hongkong Football Referees' Association will be held at the Victoria Recreation Club on Tuesday, commencing at 8 p.m.

## ENGLAND'S XI FOR THE FOURTH TEST

London, July 22. The England team to meet South Africa for the Fourth Test at Leeds, starting on Thursday, was announced today as follows:

Freddie Brown (Captain), Trevor Bailey, Peter May, Don Brennan, Denis Compton, Len Hutton, Alec Bedser, Jack Ikin, Willie Watson, Roy Tattersall and Malcolm Hilton. Tom Graveney is the 12th man.

The team shows five changes from that which outplayed the Springboks at Manchester—Compton, Bailey, Hilton, May and Brennan taking the places of Graveney, Statham, Laker, Simpson and Evans.

It looks a better balanced team. Instead of taking the field with two "offbreak" specialists, Brown can now introduce the variety of Hilton's left-arm spinners.

Brennan, the Yorkshire wicket-keeper, who has been chosen for the M.C.C. tour of India, and May, the Cambridge batsman who scored a century for the Gentlemen against the Players last week, are newcomers to Test cricket.—Reuter.

Hammond is in business, but poor Mead lives in almost total blindness at Bournemouth. Sutcliffe as well off as Hobbs. Wooley has a sports business at Tonbridge.

Grace, Hayward and Tyldesley are dead.

Bradman is knighted and prosperous.

Sandham runs an indoor school with Cover in Wandsworth, and Ames is laid up with fibrositis and lumbago.

## Argentinians Try To Attack British Referee

Buenos Aires, July 22.

Amid a rain of bottles from the spectators, several hooligans tried to attack British referee John Meade yesterday after he halted a soccer match between First Division B teams Almagro and El Porvenir.

Police prevented the assault. Meade stopped the game because of loud disapproval by the spectators of one of his decisions.

Last Sunday, British referee Walter Muller was attacked and suffered minor injuries during a riot while he was officiating in a match between the Huracan and Benfield teams.—Associated Press.

## Triumphant Tour

Sydney, July 22.

The English Football Association team completed a triumphant tour of Australia by defeating New South Wales, 2-0, today.

The English professionals won all 19 matches, including five "Tests", played on the 10-week tour. Conceding only 13 goals, they scored 105.—Reuter.

## La Salle Swimming

The finals of the La Salle College Interclass swimming meet, which were scheduled to take place yesterday at Lai Chi Kok, were postponed to today at 1.30 p.m.

## JUNE BLUSHES TO VICTORY

Birmingham, July 22.

Sprint champion, June Ford's victory in a 100-yard event yesterday was certainly a crowd pleaser.

Her running, pants dropped to her knees at the half-way mark.

Blushing, June crossed the finishing line with fists clenching pants and the spectators howling with joy.—Associated Press.

# KITC Annual Meeting

A year of progress was reported at the annual meeting of the Kowloon Indian Tennis Club yesterday.

Mr. F. T. Melwani, President, presided.

The annual report, presented by Mr. J. S. Grawal, Hon. Secretary, stated that a plan for extending the club-house had been made, a subscription list opened and some contributions already received. It was hoped that the extension would soon be effected.

It recorded an increase in membership, a profit of \$653.97 and extended thanks to Messrs. Hariram Hotchand and H. Alvarani for contributing some articles to the Club, and to members who had worked for the Club's betterment during the past year.

The following office bearers were elected:

Mr. F. T. Melwani (President), Mr. H. Advani (Vice-President), Mr. G. D. Dadani (Hon. Secretary), Mr. H. N. Farilela (Hon. Joint-Secretary), Mr. G. Harinand (Hon. Treasurer).

Committee Members:—Messrs. Lachmandas, R. S. Dhillon, B. Ditta, K. K. Gidwani, Yaqub Khan, H. G. Nagrai, H. N. Farilela, K. S. Parmar.

Tennis Representative:—Mr. Firdos Khan.

Hon. Auditors, Messrs. B. R. Singh and A. D. Gulab.

## Scottish Soccer

London, July 21.

The following were the results in the Scottish Football—St. Mungo Trophy, second round, played today: Motherwell 1, Hibernian 3; St. Mirren 2, Aberdeen 4.—Reuter.

# Five Points In The Bag On The 20th Head

BUT THEN IT WAS SHARE AND SHARE ALIKE

The most astonishing match in the history of local league lawn bowls ended in a unique tie last Saturday when Club de Recreio entertained Kowloon Cricket Club in a Second Division game.

All three rinks finished on level terms, which, so far as is known, has never before occurred in a league match.

But the KCC had some reason to bewail the final score. When the teams had finished the 20th head, the visitors were leading on all three rinks, and had what appeared to be a reasonably firm grip on five league points.

George Lee's rink was the first to get started on the 21st head. The KCC had a one point advantage. But Danenberg's four managed to lay a shot on a full head and the KCC said farewell to half a point.

Then followed Willie Howard's rink. They started off two shots to the good, but H.P. Pinna's four, showing steady nerves, drew two shots and that meant KCC had conceded one of the five potential league points.

## CLIMAX

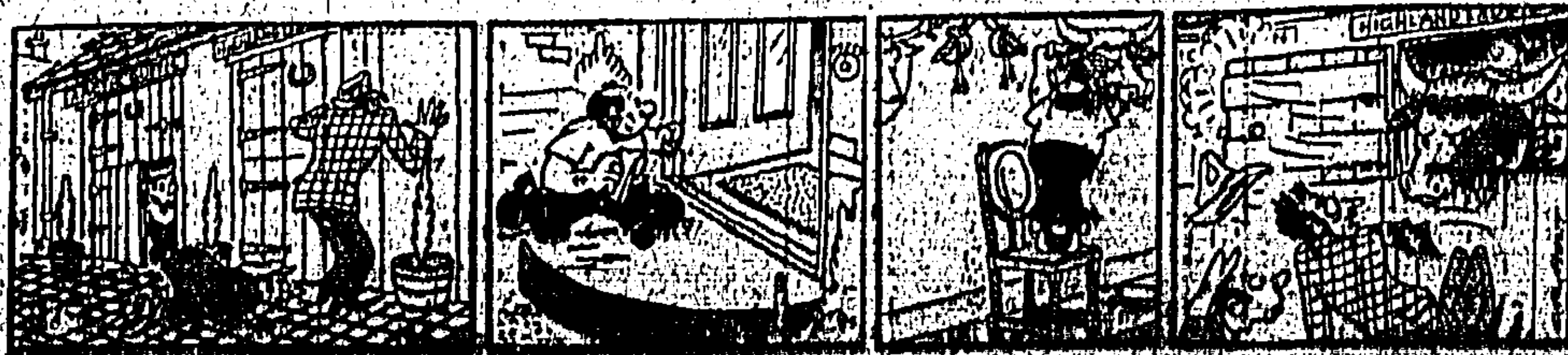
But they still were in the lead as they resumed on the 21st head. The KCC's rink was one up on J.C. Remond's four when they began the 21st. But the Portuguese managed to lay a not very good shot, and although Brezny made a big effort to recover the situation for the KCC, he failed to make any change, and the KCC's five points became two and a half.

It was a match full of exciting, and at times exceptionally good lawn bowls, and none of the players disputed the suggestion that it was the fairest possible result on the afternoon's play.

# HE SEEMS TO BE IN PAIN



Giuseppe Teal, of Italy, seems to be in pain as he makes a gigantic heave when competing in the Discus Throw at the AAA Championships at the White City. His best throw went out to 176 feet 9 1/2 inches, which is a new British all-around and Commonwealth record.—Central Press Photo.





## THE GAMBOLS

by Barry Appleby



## CANADIAN WINS KING'S PRIZE AT BISLEY

Bisley, July 21. Lieutenant G. S. Boa, Canada, won the King's Prize at the Bisley shooting contest today with a total score of 285.

Chief Petty Officer C. E. Chervodan (Jersey) was 17 points behind Lieutenant Boa. — Reuter.

## English Soccer Faces Another Strike Threat

London, July 22. English soccer faces another strike threat. With League players already starting training for the opening of the season on August 18, a deadlock exists between the Football League and the powerful Players' Union.

The League bosses and Union officials have failed to reach a settlement on the players' demands for a new form of contract.

Often since the war there has been talk of strike action by the players, but the threat has become very real. Neither side appears willing to give way and unless the Ministry of Labour arbitrates quickly in the dispute the start of the season may have to be postponed.

## UNION-ADVICE

The Players' Union has advised its 3,000 members not to sign with their clubs for the next season until their demands are met.

The Union is pressing for an all-round pay increase for players instead of the optional increase granted recently by the League of £2 a week on the maximum wage.

Pointing out that only a portion of the players engaged in League football receive the maximum wage (£14 weekly under the new scale), Mr. Jimmy Guthrie, the Union's chairman, said: "More than a quarter of the players have been offered lower terms than they had received last season."

The Union also wants yearly contracts to run from August to August instead of July to July. Under the existing contract system a player placed on the free transfer list at the end of a season would lose a month's pay between July and August while waiting to join his new club.

All 45 players of Tottenham Hotspur, the League Champions, reported on Friday for training, but all fell in line with the Union's wishes by not signing a new agreement with the club until the dispute is settled. — Reuter.

## U.S. BEATS JAPAN IN DAVIS CUP

Louisville, July 21. The United States eliminated Japan from the Davis Cup today when the Americans, Bill Talbot and Tony Trabert, beat Japan's Fumitomo Nakanishi and Goro, 6-0, 6-2, 10-8 in the doubles to take a three-match lead after winning the first two singles on Friday.

In an exhibition match after the Davis Cup tournament, Trabert beat Dick Savitt 6-3. An estimated 2,000 fans applauded both teams loudly in the final set as the Japanese rallied and offered stiff opposition to their opponents. — United Press.

## IP AND STURGESS WIN

Edinburgh, July 21. K. H. Ip (Hongkong) and Eric Sturges (South Africa) won the men's doubles when the Scottish lawn tennis championships were continued here today.

In the final they beat John Horn and J. F. Barnett (Britain) 10-5, 6-3, 6-4.

In the mixed doubles final, Sturges and Mrs. Proudfoot (Scotland) beat Miss E. Vandy (Scotland) 6-3, 6-4.

Sturges had won the men's singles. — Reuter.

## Spotlight On Sport

## THERE'S MYSTERY IN THE BREEZE AT BLACKPOOL

## Why Hasn't Stanley Matthews Signed On Yet For The Coming Season? By IVAN SHARPE

*There's mystery in the breeze at Blackpool: Stanley Matthews hasn't yet signed on for the coming season and, with the passing days, grow fears that he may ask for a change.*

Reports have linked his name with the Arsenal. Rumours in the Potteries, his homeland, said before the post was filled that he might follow the late Gordon Hodgson in the Port Vale club... as player-manager, after the style of Horatio Carter at Hull and Peter Doherty at Doncaster.

Most of the remaining players of Blackpool have signed again. The other international Stanley M.—merry Mortensen—said "First again" as he penned his name, and was told he wasn't in the first three. But not Stanley Matthews.

There's something in the air? If he doesn't report for business by July 31, deadline day for renewal of contracts, the Blackpool club will know of fear the worst. But they say they are not interested in any talk of a transfer for the greatest magnet British sport has ever known.

## HOW HARD!

Will young Nigel Howard have to go to India this winter to captain England's cricket team in the Tests without having any real experience of testing occasions in representative games?

Surely, the obvious thing to do was to make him captain of the Gentlemen against the Players at Lord's, so putting him through the mill at headquarters and giving him experience of the fellows who will be under him in India. But they have left him out of the match altogether!

If this is the way the tour is to be run, we shall see the rubber. How hard on Howard.

Most people see Trevor Bailey and Malcolm Hilton, the youngsters who twice got Bradman's wicket in a match, in the sheets of Statham and Laker in the fourth Test at Headingley. It is all? Surely the time has come to try Spooner, the batsman-wicketkeeper of triumph at Warwickshire.

## NEEDED AT HOME

"Mister Garbutt" has had a benefit. That is how he was billed all over Italy.

Mr Garbutt — Billy from Woolwich Arsenal and Blackburn Rovers — is a man of three wars. He went to the Continent to teach them football in 1912, and returned in 1914 to don khaki.

He was in Spain when the Civil War broke out, lost all his possessions, and was thankful to escape with his wife and his life.

He was in Italy when World War Two arrived, and this time went underground, lost his wife in an air-raid, was lined up in a village, when a squealing pig caused a commotion amid which he escaped. Back to earth he went as "Michele Attardo", citizen of Syracuse.

That is "Mister Garbutt", and I suggest the title has been well and truly earned.

Such are the pie-cieers who have taught the Continentals how to challenge us. We really needed them at home.

## BOOMERANG

Yes, there was too much sugar this time. But ballyhoo has undoubtedly had a psychological effect on British sport. The Americans have put it over in the Olympic Games.

Now boomerang has followed build-up. High time. There has been nothing quite like the wrecking of Sugar Ray since the first final phase was followed by the most sensational of all marathons, in 1908.

For weeks before the Olympic Games began at Shepherd's Bush, the limelight flooded over Longboat, non-stop competitor of Red Indian extraction.

On the day of the race, the first megaphone man of my experience shook the crowd half an hour before the runners were due by announcing: "Longboat has reached the Stadium—having arrived by motor-car." He hadn't got past Harrow.

Then a pathetic, hysterical little figure staggered into the arena and fell sprawling along the track—first man in the Stadium was the completely, Italian chef, Lillo Signorinetta, winner for Italy that year of the Derby and Oaks, this was a 100-1 chance.

On the boat, he told me, "was advised by British residents returning from holiday to go back home. They said my life would be in danger."

When he arrived, riots were common and the flash-point of crowds. They mobbed him and hit the tyres of his car. He held on, and really won the battle by sending off the field the favourite footballer of the Buenos Aires public.

## BABEL

This time next year we shall be hailing the Olympic Games at Helsinki and saying the only record they won't rival is the marvellous opening ceremony of Wembley in 1948. On the first full day of wrestling and gymnastics arrive with the milk at 7 and 8 a.m., the sprints get set in the afternoon, and so it goes on till nine at night—14 hours of it for a start.

Twelve hours of rivalry for the rest of the fortnight, 50 countries competing, 200 interpreters translating things for foreign broadcasts, and millions of words going round the world.

## ANOTHER IKE

All First Division games this season in the Argentine, land of Soccer fanaticism and 150,000 crowds are to be refereed by British officials. All through another British pioneer.

In 1907, at the request of the Argentine Association, I sent a little grey-haired like Caswell, of Blackburn, to show them British refereeing. Among other things, they were bothered about bribery. Ugh!

## "Red" Biggs And "Rocky" Thompson To Meet Again

When "Red" Biggs, former South African light-heavyweight champion, and "Rocky" Thompson, Hongkong hard-as-nails, lethal-punching scrapper, enter the ring to face each other at the boxing tournament, to be staged by the Aces Sports Club, Tung Lo Wan Road, on September 1, lovers of the fistie art in the Colony may rest assured that there will be plenty of fireworks and that the fight may not last its scheduled six rounds.

This bout between the two 178 pounders, both of whom are boxing instructors at the Aces Sports Club, is just one of the attractive set-to's on the September 1 card.

Another performer — in top billing — will be Ramsey Bucks, who will go six rounds (if the fight lasts the distance) with an opponent whose name will be announced later. Needless to say, the opponent is a first-class man from abroad and he is raring to lower the standard of Bucks.

Other scrappers on the programme will include "Lucky" Santos, Alfred Mark, Berdy Sliwa and many up-and-coming local boys, all of whom will fight under international rules.

The fights are open to all members of the Aces Sports Club, boxing sections and the club members of the club. Applications for invitations should be sent to Mr G.O. Jones at the Club and early applications are requested in order that the seating arrangements may be completed early.

The September 1 card will be the first of a series staged by the Aces Sports Club, with a committee comprising Messrs M.A. da Silva, F. Elias, Ralph Shaw (in charge of publicity), G.O. Jones, Ma Man-fai and Lapsley in charge of all the arrangements.

Plans have been made to arrange the seating so that over-seas obtains a good view of the bouts and, if the first tournament is successful, then boxers from other parts of Southeast Asia will be seen in action against local boys.

A judo exhibition will also be staged mid-way through the bouts. But with "Red" Biggs, "Rocky" Thompson and Ramsey Bucks in action, there should be thrills enough for lovers of boxing in Hongkong.

All Hongkong boxing fans are cordially invited by the Aces Sports Club to visit the Club's premises to see the boys in training and to get an idea of the widespread sporting activities of this recently-opened institution.

When all preparations have been completed, the complete list of bouts will be published. — Contributed.

## Henry Longhurst On GOLF

## UNION TROUBLE

One of the normal courtesies of golf is to rate all professionals jointly at a handicap of plus two, thus bracketing them equally both with the amateur champion and with each other.

With the advent, however, of what the Golfing Unions call "revised standard scratch scores" and the rest of us call "new bogeys," handicaps have taken on an increased significance, and the professionals, it is felt, can hardly be left out.

Fortunately, the Open championship, which concluded a fortnight ago at Portrush, enables us to allot professional handicaps on a more sure basis than that of the average amateur, who rarely, if ever, puts in four marked cards in succession. The bogey at Portrush used to be 75. Now, with the aid of length adjustments, standard pars, additional course values, logarithms, tide charts, anemometers and the ball manufacturers, it is calculated to be 73.

This figure is based on measurements (to be made with a chain) taken from a point (to be marked with a white post) six feet from the back of the back tee to the middle of the green—which I take to mean "where they put the flag on medal days." Such conditions, rarely fulfilled for the average golfer, prevailed at Portrush during the championship, and I am therefore able now to declare the following handicaps, as based on four-round totals against a bogey of 72:

Plus One.—Max Faulkner, A. Corder, Charles Ward, James Adams, Fred Daly.

One.—Bobby Locke, W. Shankland, N. Sutton, H. Weetman, J. Panten, R. Burton, Dal Rees, F. Stranahan, H. Bradshaw, J. Hargreaves.

Two.—U. Grappasonni, A. Waters, Van Donck, E. E. Whitcombe, Joe Carr.

Three.—Smithers, A. Foulton, G. N. Roffe, Arthur Lees, S. L. King.

Four.—F. G. Allott, J. Fallon, J. A. Jacobs, A. J. Lacey, G. W. McIntosh, E. Drown, R. Halsall, H. Haslam.

The implications of the new bogeys, and consequently new handicaps, are now seen in their full, monumental idiosyncrasy. Ronnie White, for instance, concedes two strokes per round to Bobby Locke, or, in medal play like the championship, twelve strokes in four rounds.

A hard-working, almost not-golfing Member of Parliament, declared by the English Golf Union without his consent, and to the alarm of his constituents, to be playing to plus one, concedes three strokes a round to Arthur Lees and four to Arthur Lacey.

## FARICAL

All the calculations leading to this farical conclusion were made, as doubtless were those that led to eggs at £21 each from Gambia, by honest, worthy men doing their honest, worthy best. Why, therefore, should they bear no relation to reality?

A round on the day after the championship before the Portrush tees and flags had been moved, gave an answer—namely, that the average golfer, at least on the big sea-side links, practically never plays his course at full stretch. Portrush, from the back of the tees to the far corners of the greens, was absolute murder, and I doubt whether one member in ten has ever played it at that length, or ever will—though that is the course or which the bogey and therefore all their handicaps are based.

Like 90 percent of golfers, I always thought these new bogeys were nonsense. Locke, on a handicap of one, able to equal the bogey only once in four rounds, makes it a certainty.

## Rosier Wins The Dutch Grand Prix

Zandvoort, Holland, July 22.

Louis Rosier, of France, driving a Talbot today won the Dutch Grand Prix motor race here. He covered the 90 laps, totalling 337.37 kilometres, in 2 hrs. 59 mins. 19.4 secs. at an average speed of 126.26 kilometres per hour.

Second was another Frenchman, Philippe Etancelin, also in a Talbot, with Surling Moss, the 21-year-old British driver, in an HWM, third. Both Etancelin and Moss covered 90 laps.

Giuseppe Farina, the Italian World Champion 1950, led for 20 laps. He had to retire in the 40th lap through a broken oil pipe. The Argentine ace, Froilan Gonzalez and Juan Manuel Fangio, and the Italian, Luigi Villorossi, and Alberto Ascari, did not complete the race. The race did not count in the racing drivers' world championship programme. — Reuter.

## Craigengower Badminton Tournament

The first Craigengower Badminton Tournament in the history of the Happy Valley Club begins this evening at its new badminton hall with the first inter-team match for the 1951 Committee Members' Shield.

The "Greens", led by R. Tay and Stella Correa, will clash with the "Whites", spearheaded by W. F. Foo and Elvie Tsok.

More than 70 members of the Club are taking part in the tournament and are grouped into seven teams of five doubles pairs each. The tournament will be on a one-round league system.

## TODAY—8 P.M.

The following are this week's games:

C. K. Chan and Mrs. Doris Cheung (Green) v S. S. Ismail and Mrs. Karanjia (White); P. Koh and George Souza (Green) v C. F. Lo and H. A. Botelho (White); Z. A. Abbas and Stanley Leong (Green) v C. B. Chiew and Ng Chin-wei (White); Wong Kai-cheung and Mrs. Norah Castro (Green) v K. L. Yu and Mrs. Irene Souza (White); Robert Tay and Miss Stella Correa (Green) v W. F. Foo and Mrs. Elvie Tsok (White).

## TOMORROW—7.30 P.M.

Donald Rapp and Mrs. Shroff (Red) v Richard Woon and Mrs. Fox (Yellow); S. F. Fok and Basterwood (Red) v L. Souza and F. M. Castro (Yellow); Sydney Fowler and P. S. Ng (Red) v F. Koh and G. H. Louie (Yellow); Charles Lam and A. H. Ismail (Red) v B. K. L. Lui and O. Botelho (Yellow); Bill Fung and Miss Dorothy Lam (Red) v Robert Tsai and Miss Winnie Cheung (Yellow).

## FRIDAY—7.30 P.M.

A. Kitchell and D. Furies (Maroon) v C. Rossetti and Miss Dhabar (Brown); H. H. Tsou and R. Baker (Maroon) v J. Hsu and Alex. Yu (Brown); P. V. Yap and Horace Lo (Maroon) v Lam King-tak and Hui Kwan (Brown); Leo Leong and Joe Xavier (Maroon) v Tony Souza and C. Noronha (Brown); Bill Gillies and K. C. Dao (Maroon) v K. Y. Tam and H. F. Tai (Brown).

## TODAY'S SPORT

## LAWN BOWLS

Open Pairs, Second Round, all games commencing 5.15 p.m. at HKCC.—A. H. Minu & A. K. Minu v M. A. Baptista & A. P. Pereira; A. A. Bunnah & W. Hong Sing v J. Tay & C. W. Lam; At CCC.—A. A. Nish & S. Maslem v W. C. Simpson & J. J. McKelvie; G. Perkins & B. I. Bickford v A. K. C. Francis & A. B. H. Seemin & A. M. Wahab, N. A. Beltrao & H. M. V. Ribeiro v A. E. Costes & B. W. Bradbury v L. M. Rodrigues & L. F. Xavier; At HKCC.—S. E. Souza & A. V. Goiano v M. Scott & J. McCutcheon.

## WATER POLO

Ching Wing v Fortuna (HKS) 6.15 p.m.; RAMC v Chung Sing (Red) (VIC) 6.15 p.m.; White Sharks v Eastern (HKS) 6.15 p.m.; S.H. v Hoi Tin (EYMCA) 6.30 p.m.; YHS v R.A.P. (Kai Tak) 6.30 p.m.; EYMCA v Royal Navy (Dockyard) 6.15 p.m.; South China v Chung Sing (Blue) (EYMCA) 7 p.m.

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"HANYANG"	Tientsin	10 a.m. 25th July
"YUNNAN"	Macassar, Sourabaya, Semarang, Chetibon	
"SZECHUEN"	Djakarta	5 p.m. 25th July
"SHENKING"	Bangkok	5 p.m. 27th July
"HUFEI"	Tientsin	5 p.m. 31st July
"SOOCHOW"	Yokohama, Nagoya	10 a.m. 31st July
"SINKIANG"	Osaka & Kobe	5 p.m. 1st Aug.
"ANSIUN"	Singapore & Penang	5 p.m. 4th Aug.
"YOKOHAMA"	Yokohama, Nagoya	
"OSAKA"	Osaka & Kobe	5 p.m. 7th Aug.
"YOKOHAMA"	Bangkok	5 p.m. 10th Aug.
"SINKIANG"	Singapore	5 p.m. 13th Aug.
"ANSIUN"	Djakarta	

## ARRIVALS FROM

"HUFEI"	Tientsin	24th July
"YUNNAN"	Kobe	24th July
"SZECHUEN"	Kobe	25th July
"SHANSHI"	Kobe	25th July
"SHENKING"	Keelung	7 a.m. 26th July
"SOOCHOW"	Bangkok	20th July
"SINKIANG"	Singapore	1st Aug.
"ANSIUN"	Singapore	3rd Aug.

## A.O. LINE LTD./C.N. CO., LTD. JOINT SERVICE

SAILINGS TO		
"ANKING"	Sydney & Melbourne	4 p.m. 24th July
"TAIYUAN"	Kure, Yokkaichi, Yokohama & Kobe	p.m. 25th July
"FENGNING"	Kure, Kobe, Yokkaichi, Nagoya, Shimizu & Kure	
"CHANGTE"	Japan	27th July
"TAIYUAN"	Sydney & Melbourne	19th Aug.

## ARRIVALS FROM

"FENGNING"	Melbourne & Manila	In Port
"TAIYUAN"	Sydney & Brisbane	In Port
"ANKING"	Kobe	In Port
"CHANGTE"	Australia & Manila	8th Aug.
"TAIYUAN"	Japan	16th Aug.

## BLUE FUNNEL LINE

Scheduled sailings to Europe via Aden &amp; Port Said

"CALCHAS"	Liverpool	4 p.m. 23rd July
"AEneas"	Liverpool & Glasgow	4th Aug.
"PATROCLUS"	Marseilles, Liverpool & Glasgow	6th Aug.
"AUTOMEDON"	Havre, London & Holland	23rd Aug.
"AGAPENOR"	Dublin & Liverpool	25th Aug.

Scheduled sailings from Europe

Ship	From	Arrives
S. "AGAPENOR"	Liverpool	30th July
S. "AEneas"	do	2nd Aug.
S. "AUTOMEDON"	do	14th Aug.
S. "PERSEUS"	17th July	15th Aug.
S. "MYRMIDON"	21st July	29th Aug.
S. "MARON"	28th July	4th Sept.
S. "BELLEPHON"	4th Aug.	8th Sept.
S. "PYRRHUS"	13th Aug.	15th Sept.
S. "ANTIOCHUS"	21st Aug.	25th Sept.

G. Loading Glasgow before Liverpool.  
S. Loading Swansea before Liverpool.  
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HK/Singapore/Borneo (DC-4)	1.00 p.m. Wed. 6.10 a.m. Thurs.	
HK/Manila/B.N. Borneo (DC-3)	1.00 a.m. Wed. 4.45 p.m. Thurs.	
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SHIPS	FROM	DUE
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"BENMOH"	do	12th Aug.
"BENALDER"	do	16th Aug.
"BENNEVIS"	do	24th Aug.
"BENVANNOCH"	do	18th Sept.
"BENAVON"	do	23rd Sept.

## SAILINGS Loading on or abt.

"BENVORLICH"	London, Hamburg, Rotterdam & Antwerp.	31st July
"BENMOH"	Havre, Rotterdam & Antwerp.	18th Aug.
"BENNEVIS"	Avonmouth, London & Middlesbrough.	20th Aug.
"BENALDER"	Liverpool, Dublin, Hamburg & Antwerp.	8th Sept.
"BENVANNOCH"	Liverpool, Glasgow, Avonmouth & Hull.	23rd Sept.

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Proposal to change a Ship's  
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herby give notice that in  
consequence of Company  
policy. We have applied to  
the Minister of Transport,  
under Section 47 of the  
Merchant Shipping Act, 1894,  
in respect of the Steam ship  
"Louise Moller" of HONG  
KONG REGISTRAR Official  
Number 140,322 Gross tonnage  
2,648 tons Register tonnage  
1,064 tons, presently owned  
by Moller Line Limited for  
permission to change her  
name to "MOUNT  
CAMERON" and to have her  
registered in the new name at  
the Port of HONG KONG as  
owned by Moller Line  
Limited, Queen's Building,  
Hong Kong.Any objection to the pro-  
posed change of name must  
be sent to the REGISTRAR  
OF SHIPPING at HONG  
KONG within SEVEN days  
from the appearance of this  
advertisement.Dated at HONG KONG the  
23rd day of July 1951.

Moller Line Limited.

J. B. ANDERSON

Director

## NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

m/v "TAIYUAN"

Arrived 21st July, 1951.

Damaged cargo ex this vessel  
will be surveyed by Messrs. Goddard  
& Douglas at Hongkong & Kowloon  
Wharf from 10.00 a.m. on Wednes-  
day 25th July and Thursday, 26th  
July, 1951, and consignees re-  
presentatives are requested to be pre-  
sent during survey.

BUTTERFIELD &amp; SWIRE,

Agents.

Australian-Oriental Line Ltd.

China Navigation Co., Ltd.

## NOTICE

HONG KONG FOOTBALL  
ASSOCIATIONNOTICE is hereby given  
that the Annual General  
Meeting of the Hong Kong  
Football Association will be  
held at the Hong Kong Hotel,  
Jacobson Room, first floor,  
Victoria in the Colony of  
Hong Kong, on Monday, 30th  
July, 1951 at 5.30 o'clock in  
the afternoon to receive and  
consider the Accounts and  
Balance Sheet, the Reports  
of the Council and Auditors,  
to elect Officers in place of  
those retiring and to consider  
alterations of Rules.

By Order of the Council,

R. M. OMAR,

Secretary.

Dated this 20th day of

July, 1951.

## NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

s.s. "PATROCLUS"

Damaged cargo ex this vessel will  
be surveyed at Hoi's Wharf be-  
tween 10 a.m. and noon on July 24  
and 25, 1951, and consignees are re-  
quested to have their representa-  
tives present during the survey.

BUTTERFIELD &amp; SWIRE,

Agents.

Hong Kong, July 21, 1951.

## NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

s.s. "FENGNING"

Arrived 20th July, 1951.  
Damaged cargo ex this vessel  
will be surveyed by Messrs. Goddard  
& Douglas at Hongkong & Kowloon  
Wharf from 10.00 a.m. on Wednes-  
day 25th July and Thursday, 26th  
July, 1951, and consignees re-  
presentatives are requested to be pre-  
sent during survey.

BUTTERFIELD &amp; SWIRE,

Agents.

Australian-Oriental Line Ltd.

China Navigation Co., Ltd.

## Hampering Economic Development

United Nations, July 22.  
Heavy fluctuations in world  
prices of raw materials are  
hampering the economic de-  
velopment of under-developed  
countries, a United Nations  
economic report stated today.The report, issued by the  
United Nations Department of  
Economic Affairs, dealt largely  
with the best means of financing  
the economic development of  
under-developed countries.The report found that the two  
main factors involved were:1.—The fluctuation of world  
prices for goods such as rubber.2.—The wide variations in  
the volume of goods sold abroad  
by the under-developed coun-  
tries.These two factors, the re-  
port said, made it very difficult  
for these countries to plan  
ahead and finance big develop-  
ment schemes.The goods analysed in the  
report cover the most import-  
ant raw materials and constitute  
over two-thirds of the total  
export trade of the under-  
developed countries.Another result of these wide  
fluctuations in both prices and  
world demand, the report said,  
was that the under-developed  
countries could never be sure  
of their earnings in foreign  
exchange.They were thus unable to  
place orders for capital ma-  
chinery well in advance.Price variations examined  
for the last 50 years showed  
that the average annual varia-  
tion of prices was 18 per cent  
and the variation in quantities  
consumed was 25 per cent.For raw material producers,  
the report said, a successive  
decline in prices by 18 per cent  
in two or three years was  
"nothing short of disastrous."  
Reuter.

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s.s. "CANTON"	2nd August	1st November
s.s. "CANTON"	2nd August	1st December

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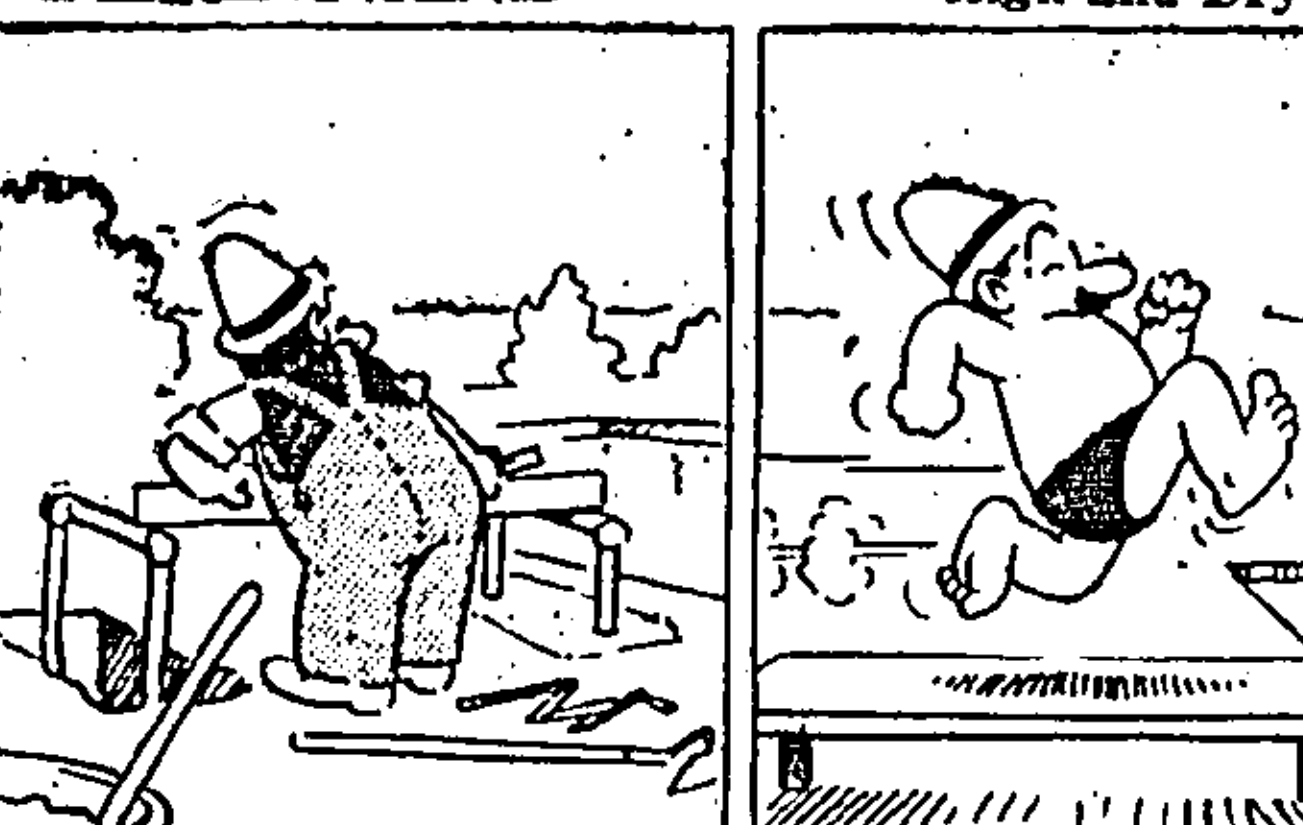
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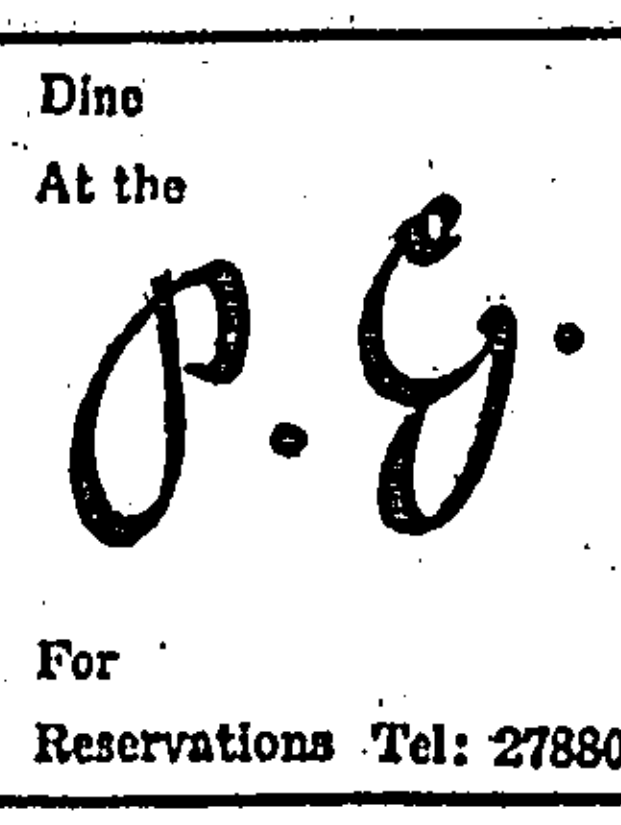
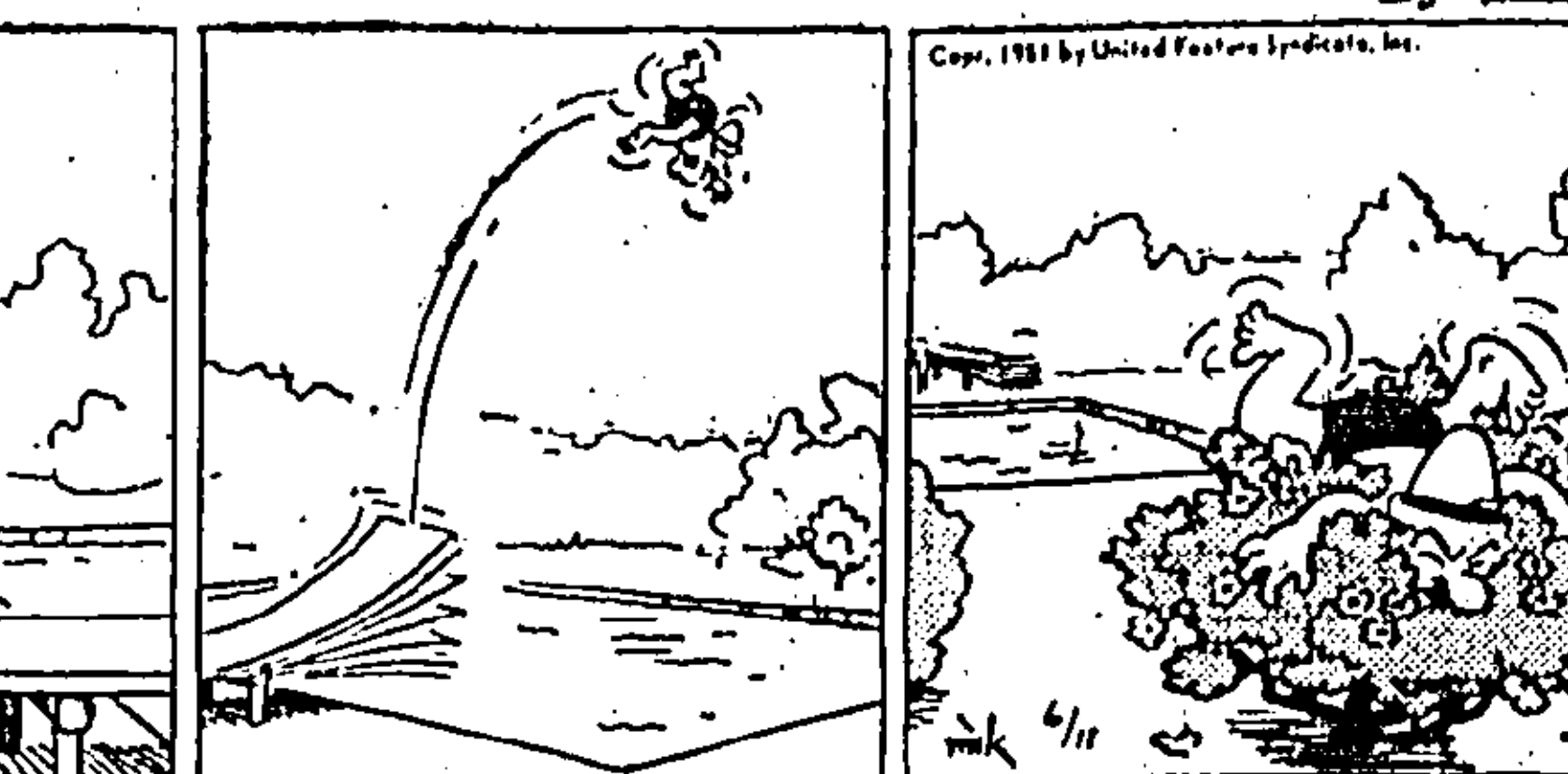


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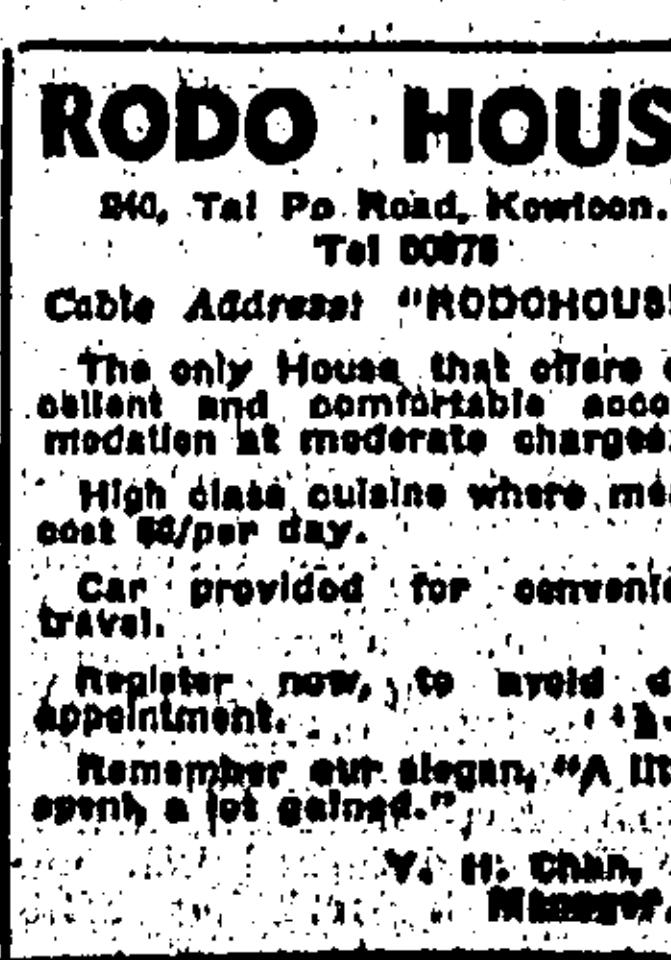
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## JOHNNY HAZARD

By Frank Robbins



## Africans Opposed To Federation

Lusaka, July 22.  
The nationalisation of  
Northern Rhodesian copper  
mines was demanded today  
by Mr. Harry Nkumbula, the  
Organising Secretary of the  
Northern Rhodesian African  
Congress.The Congress is now meeting  
to discuss the proposals for a  
federation with Southern  
Rhodesia and Nyasaland.Mr. Nkumbula, an old student  
of the London School of  
Economics, said that unless  
nationalisation, universal suf-  
frage and other reforms were  
granted, Africans would con-  
tinue to oppose federation.African leaders from all parts  
of Northern Rhodesia ap-  
plauded wildly when Mr.  
Nkumbula said: "Indians and  
Africans in the Union of  
South Africa will ever remain  
under the domination of the  
white races until they do some-  
thing about it. All they can do  
is to flare into open revolu-  
tion."He said that the British  
Government wanted a federation  
to offset the danger of South  
Africa seceding from the Com-  
monwealth. If that happened,  
said Mr. Nkumbula, South Africa  
would not allow the continuation  
of pro-African policies in the  
Northern Territories for fear of  
inciting Africans in South Africa.Mr. Nkumbula said that South  
Africa would then attack  
Southern Rhodesia, Northern  
Rhodesia and Nyasaland con-  
sequently "knocking them out  
one by one; but Central Africa  
could defend herself without  
federation."Dr. M. M. M. the South  
African Prime Minister, was  
troubled, he added, he can have  
it. —Reuter.



## MESSAGERIES MARITIMES



**ARRIVALS**  
 "GRENABLE" from Europe 25th July  
 "LA MARSEILLAISE" from Marseilles 28th Aug.  
**SAILINGS**  
 "LA MARSEILLAISE" to Japan 9th Aug.  
 "LA MARSEILLAISE" to Marseilles 22nd Aug.

**PASSENGER/FREIGHT SERVICE**  
 "LA MARSEILLAISE" to Japan 9th Aug.  
 "LA MARSEILLAISE" to Marseilles 22nd Aug.

**FREIGHT SERVICE**  
 "AURAY" N. Africa & Europe 23rd July  
 "OUISTREHAM" N. Africa & Europe 17th Aug.  
 "MEKONG" N. Africa & Europe 30th Aug.  
 "MEINAM" N. Africa & Europe 25th Sept.

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M.S. "GRETE MAERSK" July 31  
 M.S. "OLGA MAERSK" Aug. 14  
 M.S. "LAURA MAERSK" Aug. 28

## ARRIVALS FROM U.S.A.

M.S. "LAURA MAERSK" Aug. 8  
 M.S. "HULDA MAERSK" Aug. 21  
 M.S. "TREIN MAERSK" Sept. 4

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## Fight Looming In US Senate Over Foreign Aid Cuts

Washington, July 22.

Some Republican Senators backing General Dwight Eisenhower for President were ready today to "fight like the devil" against heavy foreign aid cuts on the grounds that such action would hurt General Eisenhower's chances.

The Senate Foreign Relations Committee may open hearings on the Administration's \$8,500,000,000 economic aid bill this week, following the return from Europe of the special survey sub-committee which visited General Eisenhower.

Eisenhower's friends in Congress, while not talking publicly, see the forthcoming foreign aid fight as one which holds high stakes for the General personally as well as for the Western Allies. About \$6,300,000,000 is earmarked for American arms aid, with the bulk to go to those nations participating in the United Western European defence force.

The handful of Republicans in Congress who are working for Eisenhower's candidacy are not concerned about foreign affairs alone. They are also dissatisfied with the stand of Senator Robert Taft and many other Republican members on the controls bill. They feel the Republican Party would have done well to have given President Truman all the anti-inflation powers he wanted.

One man explained: "Had we done this, we could claim credit if the controls programme was a success and we could have levelled criticism at Mr. Truman if he failed to administer the programme adequately and prices continued upward."

However, the big issue seemed to be that of foreign aid because it hits at the heart of General Eisenhower's present job as supreme commander of the Pact forces.

**TWO-YEAR PLAN**  
 Senator Taft told a reporter yesterday that it might be possible to spread the \$8,500,000,000 over a two-year period with perhaps about \$5,000,000,000 to be allocated for the present fiscal year and \$3,500,000,000 the year after.

"It is a little too early to tell and we will want to receive the reports of the returning Senators," he said. "I am sure that spreading the funds over two years would not necessarily mean a 50 per cent spending reduction because Congress can take another look at the programme next year and see if more funds are advisable."

## Decline In Chicago Grain Prices

Chicago, July 22.

Grain prices worked slightly lower through a series of dull trading sessions on the Board of Trade last week.

About the only excitement was provided by the closing out of July futures, and even here the only really marked change came in rye.

The old style July contract gained 22 cents as shorts in this delivery found themselves in a tight situation.

Despite the development of a snag in the Korean cease-fire talks, and reports of damage to wheat held in elevators caught in the Kansas flood, wheat prices eased. There was a more pronounced trend in wheat, in fact, than in any other cereal. Prices ended 4 1/2-5 1/2 cents lower.

Price changes in the feed grains were of very little importance. The market showed a slightly easier undercurrent.

Associated Press.

# BRITAIN HEADING FOR A PAYMENTS CRISIS

## Chancellor Of Exchequer's Statement This Week

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

London, July 22.

There can now be little doubt that Britain is heading for a new balance of payments crisis. The Chancellor of the Exchequer, Mr. Hugh Gaiskell, is due to make a statement in the House of Commons on Thursday in which he will review the economic situation, and there is talk this week-end of an Autumn Budget to hold down the steadily rising cost of living and possibly to do something about increasing profits and dividends.

The extraordinarily large trade gap in June and the recent deterioration in the gold and dollar reserves indicate the problems this country is likely to face in the next six months.

The trend of payments during the first half of this year (assuming invisible earnings at roughly the same rate as the second half of 1950) shows Britain is running an annual rate of deficit of more than £260 million compared with last year's surplus of £229 million.

But the balance of payments crisis which is now almost upon us is not a repetition of the old dollar problem. It is largely a Sterling deficit that this country is running and because of this the coming crisis may not call for such drastic measures as those brought in to close the dollar gap.

Indeed, if the other Sterling Area countries are content to let their Sterling balances go on mounting there may be no actual "crisis" at all in the sense that it will call for drastic remedies. But will Britain's prestige be enhanced by this reliance on the restraint and friendly understanding of its Commonwealth partners to save its face? This is one of the questions MPs will probably want to discuss during the debate on the economic situation.

Meanwhile, however, there are welcome signs that the terms of trade, which have moved against us so relentlessly, may now begin to turn in our favour. The least we can hope for is that the lower import prices will go some way towards narrowing the present alarming gap between import costs and export earnings. But, even assuming the success of the Kaesong talks and no further extension of the world political tension (a hope which is not shared by the news from the Middle East) we cannot expect too much from the recent recession in world commodity prices.

**ADVERSE EFFECT**  
 Our efforts to raise export prices are already meeting consumer resistance so we cannot expect much more relief from this direction. Moreover, though lower import prices may go some way towards improving our terms of trade and therefore have a beneficial effect on our balance of payments position, the fall in Sterling Area commodity prices must reflect adversely on our dollar position.

Against this background it is inevitable that we shall hear more talk in the near future of the benefits to be derived from an upward revaluation of the Sterling. Any move in this direction, however, will certainly provoke bitter criticism from the other side of the Atlantic.

In its latest monthly review the National City Bank of New York examines the arguments for "up-valuing" European currencies and finds them unconvincing. It comes out bluntly with the statement that the recent strengthening of European currency positions was due in part to improved exports but far more to U.S. dollar gifts and grants. "The responsibility of America," it goes on, "is to hold these aids within bounds so as neither to weaken ourselves nor to instil abroad a false sense of strength and security."

Despite the fact that the position has already changed since these words were written, this argument, which is widely held in America, may have more influence on the British Government, faced as it is with a rearmament programme the country can scarcely afford without outside aid, than the academic blandishments of the theoretical school of economists.

But at the same time the Government will have little patience with the repeated American argument that the European countries (which means chiefly the United Kingdom) should make further progress towards relaxation of the currency restrictions and towards free convertibility.

Meanwhile, the Government is making every effort to instil into manufacturers a greater sense of "export consciousness." Sir Hartley Shawcross, President of the Board of Trade, went to Manchester—headquarters of the Lancashire textile industry—this week to urge cotton manufac-

turers to step up their exports—particularly to the dollar area and the Sterling Commonwealth countries.

But he found them far more concerned with the possibility of a revival of Japanese competition.

He was able to give them little reassurance beyond the slight comfort offered in his recent Parliamentary statement on the limited measures open to this country to protect its export trade against the stiff competition it will undoubtedly have to face when Japan becomes a sovereign State in full control of its own affairs.

**A EUPHEMISM**  
 He claimed afterwards that there was little difference between the manufacturers' point of view and that of the Government in this matter. But if there is a measure of agreement between the cotton industry, which has enjoyed an unprecedented degree of protection since the war, and the Government, which is no less concerned to see this protection continued, there is already emerging a section of opinion which abhors the implication of even further restrictive trade practices.

"The Economist" speaks out for this school of thought. Sir Hartley's hope for policies and practices to enable Japan and other countries to take their place in world trade on a basis of live and let live, it says, "seems to be an euphemistic way of saying that the Board of Trade, which recently sounded a resounding blast against restrictive practices in the British market, is now openly advocating restrictive practices in world trade."

**STOCK EXCHANGE**  
 Talk in the Stock Exchange this past week has mostly been about Japan. But shortly before Friday's close the news of the assassination of King Abdullah had a sharp impact on the weakening markets, and prices were marked down as a precautionary measure.

Japanese bonds were strong on recognition of debt liability in the draft peace treaty and some notable gains were made. In one case—the five per cent 1930 issue—the price rose to 103 and broke a 20-year record. But at the end of the week the price-taking, prompted by the news from Kaesong, caused prices to decline though without affecting the underlying strength of this market.

Another effect of the impending entry into the world markets of a sovereign Japan is the revival of fears of Japanese competition. This caused weakness in the textile market.

**Dullness In Textiles**  
 Now York, July 22.

Dullness continued to characterise the cotton textile market last week. Buyers were on the sidelines and mills did not press offerings.

There were fewer offerings of the popular 80-square print cloth.

However, other types of print cloth were heavy and prices declined.

Rayon goods were quiet and curtailment of operations was becoming general in the industry.—Associated Press.

## HONGKONG SHARE MARKET

(From Our Correspondent)

Business done on the Stock Exchange this morning was valued at \$102,000. Noon prices and the morning's transactions:

**SHARES BUYERS SELLERS SALES**

**BANKS**

HK Bank .. 1420 1400

East Asia .. 103

**INSURANCES**

Canton .. 245

Union .. 735

HK Fire .. 335

**DOCKS, ETC.**

K. Wharf .. 62 64

N. Wharf .. 400 0.00

Wheelock .. 2270 100 @ 23

**LAND, ETC.**

HK Hotel .. 490

HK Land .. 30

Shai Land .. 1.10

**UTILITIES**

Star Ferry .. 13 13 1/2

C. Light (O) .. 0.80 7.10

C. Light (B) .. 4.10 4.30 5000 @ 4.20

C. Light (S) .. 0.20 500 @ 0.20

Electric .. 20.25 2500 @ 20 1/2

**INDUSTRIALS**

Cement .. 10.00 10 1/4

**STORES, ETC.**

Dairy .. 13.20 14.20 2000 @ 14

Watson .. 10 10 1/4 1500 @ 10 1/4

Sincere .. 0.20

Sun Co. .. 2.30

**COTTONS**

Ewa .. 2 XD

United Press.

**Rubber Futures**

In S'pore

Singapore, July 21.

Prices of rubber futures closed today as follows:-

Number 1 rubber, per lb. 145-145 1/2

August .. 130 1/2-130

September .. 130 1/2-130

October .. 130 1/2-130

Number 2 rubber, August 130 1/2-130 1/2

Number 3 rubber, August 130 1/2-130 1/2

Number 4 rubber, August 124 1/2-125 1/2

Spot rubber, unbleached .. 133-134

Black crepe .. 100-102

No. 1 pale crepe .. 103-104

United Press.

**COMPANY DENIAL**

Hannover, July 22.

An official of the British Eveready Electrical Company said today that charges by the Communist East German Government that the company has engaged in economic espionage and sabotage are completely groundless.

"I consider this as sheer nonsense," said F. S. Johnson, a member of the Company's Board of Directors.—Associated Press.

**Exchange Rates**

Business was done in the local unofficial exchange market this morning at the following rates:

Sterling note (per £1) .. 10.50

U.S. Dollars (per \$1) .. 0.2275

Indonesia guilders (per 100) .. 2.40

Siam bahts (per 100) .. 27.50

Singapore (Straits) .. 1.705

PIC plastras (per 100) .. 12.95

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## ARRIVALS

Date	Ship	From
1st Aug.	"TJAWANGI"	Macassar & Java Ports
3rd Aug.	"VAN HEUTZ"	Japan
5th Aug.	"BOISEVAIN"	S. America, S. Africa, Singapore, Saigon & Nakhon
11th Aug.	"TJAWANGI"	S. America, S. Africa, Singapore & Manila
18th Aug.	"TASMAN"	Macassar, Java Ports & Singapore
25th Aug.	"TJAWANGI"	Japan
28th Aug.	"BOISEVAIN"	Japan

## SAILINGS

Date	Ship	To
3rd Aug.	"TJAWANGI"	S. America, Singapore, Java Ports & Macassar
5th Aug.	"VAN HEUTZ"	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
11th Aug.	"BOISEVAIN"	Yokohama & Japan Ports
18th Aug.	"TASMAN"	Semarang, Te. Priok & Belawan Deli
25th Aug.	"TJAWANGI"	Singapore, Java Ports & Macassar
28th Aug.	"BOISEVAIN"	Manila, Singapore, S. Africa & S. America

Agents: HOLLAND EAST ASIA LINE

## ARRIVALS

Date	Ship	From
1st Aug.	"AAOTEKERE"	Europe & Singapore
3rd Aug.	"AAOTEKERE"	Japan
5th Aug.	"ALMKER"	Europe & Singapore
11th Aug.	"ALMKER"	Japan

## SAILINGS

Date	Ship	To
3rd Aug.	"AAOTEKERE"	Japan via Manila
5th Aug.	"AAOTEKERE"	Manila, Singapore & Europe
11th Aug.	"ALMKER"	Japan via Manila
18th Aug.	"ALMKER"	Manila, Singapore & Europe

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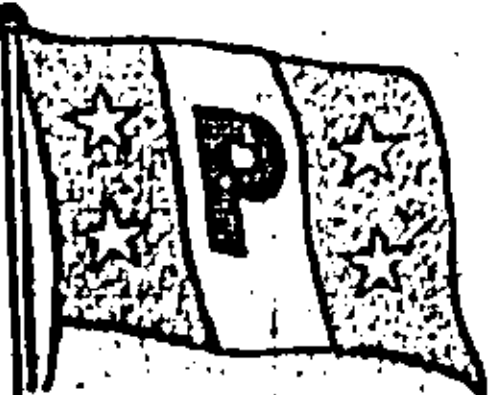
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"PHILIPPINE DEAR"	San Francisco	Aug. 12	Aug. 13	San Francisco & Los Angeles via Yokohama
"J. L. LUCKENBACH"	San Francisco	Sept. 2	Sept. 3	San Francisco & Los Angeles via Yokohama
"MATTHEW LUCKENBACH"	San Francisco	Oct. 2	Oct. 3	San Francisco & Los Angeles via Yokohama
"CHINA DEAR"	San Francisco	Oct. 31	Nov. 1	San Francisco & Los Angeles via Yokohama

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